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The Bombay Chronicle

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No Nationalisation Of 'Obsolete' Industries

Nehru Pulls Up Revolutionary Critics

Priority To New Basic Undertakings Like Damodar Project

FAIR DEAL FOR PRIVATE ENTERPRISE AND LABOUR

NEW DELHI, April 7,

The Dominion Parliament today approved Government's statement of industrial Policy.

The Prime Minister Pandit Jawharlal Nehru, speaking on Government's industrial policy statement in the Dominion Parliament, said that one had to be very careful that in taking any step, the existing structure was not injured too much. In the state of affairs in the world and in India today any attempt to have a "clean slate", that is, a sweep-away of all that they had got, would certainly not bring progress nearer but might delay it tremendously.

THINK PROGRESSIVELY

He had no doubt in his mind that they had to change the existing structure as rapidly as possible but priorities had to be laid down in view of the country's limited resources. And those priorities must be laid down in terms of new things as far as possible unless the old things came in the way. He emphasised the need for thinking in terms of the vast changes in production methods that might come about, which would render the present industrial apparatus completely obsolete. If they spent vast sums of money on acquring this or that, they would be acquiring things which were 90 per cent obsolete today.

The fundamental approach of Government's statement was the only right and practical approach at the present moment.

THEORY V. PRACTICE

There was a great deal of difference between theory and the practice of it. All manner of difficulties cropped up in implementing a theory. Normally there would be those difficulties, but as India was situated today, after all that had happened in the course of the last 7 or 8 months, one had to be very careful that the step they might take might not injure the existing structure too much. There had been destruction and injury enough and certainly he "confessed" that he was not brave and gallant enough to go about destroying much more. He thought that there was room for destruction in India still of many things. They would no doubt have to be removed. Nevertheless, there was a way of approach. Were they going to adopt the course of having a clean slate, of sweeping away almost everything so that they might have the pleasure of writing anew without anything else being written on that slate? That seemed to be an easy of doing things. Perhaps there never had been a clean slate even when people imagined that there was going to be a clean slate. Nevertheless, there could be more or less a clean slate. He would not say that one should never try for that clean slate but one had to think of each country and its condition at the time, which was the preferable course, which involved lesser dangers.

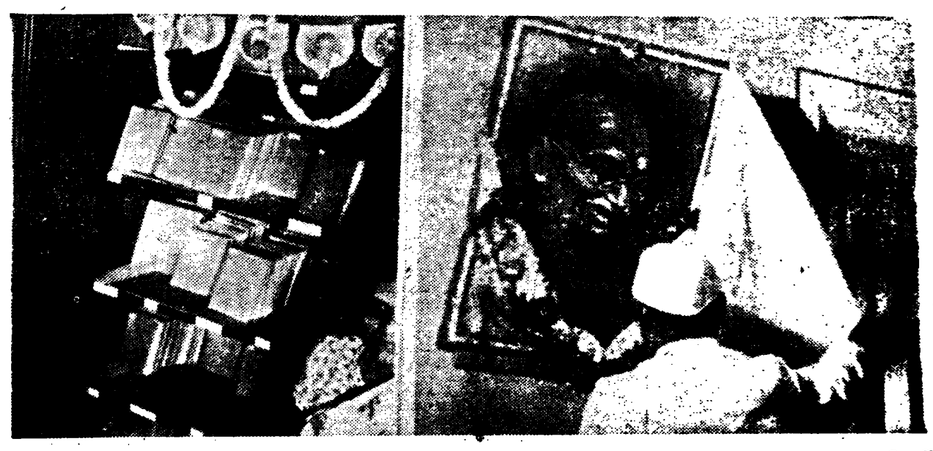
NO CLEAN SLATE

It seemed to him that in the state of affairs in the world today and in India, any attempt to have what might be called a clean slate, that is to say, a sweep of all that they had got, would certainly not bring progress nearer but might delay it tremendously, which, far from bringing economic progress, might put them politically so far back that the economic aspect itself might be delayed tremendously. They could not separate the two things. They had gone through big political upheavals and cataclysms and if in their attempt to get something they liked, in one direction they went forward one step and lost a few steps in another, then in the balance they had lost, not gained Therefore, the alternative to that clean slate was to try to rub out here and there, to write on it gradually, to replace the writing on the whole slate not very gradually, he hoped, but nevertheless not with a great measure of destruction, etc., in its trail.

"Maybe, I have been affected by recent events", said Pt. Nehru "but more and more I have felt that it is wrong to destroy something that is producing or doing good.

It takes a long time to build and it does not take very long to destroy so

(Continued on Page 5)



Seth Ramnath Podar unveiled the portrait of Gandhiji (Right) on the occasion of opening Mahatma Gandhi Samiti Library (Left) at the Jinnah Hall, Congress House, on behalf of the Congress Rashtrabhasha Pracharak on Wednesday evening.

MR. R. R. SAXENA has been appointed as India's first Consul-General to New York.

Jawahar For Bombay

Corporation To Present Civic Address

BOMBAY, April 7. (U.P.I.): The Bombay Municipal Corporation will present a civic address to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when he visits Bombay for the first time as Premier of free India, in the later part of this month.

The women of Bombay will also accord a reception to the Prime Minister of India.

CONGRESS CABINET MEETING

Jawahar To Decide Venue

The venue of the next meeting of the Congress Working Committee is likely to be changed from Delhi to Bombay, and an announcement in this connection may be expected any moment, it is learnt.

It appears that the office-bearers of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee discussed this question with Dr. Rajendra Prasad during the latter's recent visit to the city and the Congress President is reported to have agreed to the suggestion that the Working Committee and the A.-I.C.C. should meet at the same time. A final decision on the matter now rests with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who is to consider whether he could be away from India's capital from April 21 to 25, when both the Working Committee and the A.-I.C.C. are scheduled to meet.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MAY

NEW YORK, April 7

Previous closing	35.74
Today's opening	35.73
Difference	– 1
Today's closing	36.19
Difference	+45

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY April 7.

Cotton Jarila May	Rs.	672	0	0
Silver Bullion forward	Rs	169	12	0
Silver Chamber forward	Rs	170	8	0
Gold forward	Rs.	114	2	0
Sovereign	Rs.	72	0	0

TRUCE IN OFFING IN PALESTINE

Arab And Jewish Envoys To Meet Security Council Chief

LAKE SUCCESS, April 7 (Reuter): Arab and Jewish representatives agreed to meet the President of the Security Council later today to discuss a truce in Palestine.

Those attending will be the Security Council President, Dr. Alfonso Lopez of Colombia, Moshe Shertok for the Jewish Agency, and probably Jamal Husseini, Deputy President of the Arab Higher Committee.

Britain indicated she would be willing to attend the truce talks if invited.

Discussion at today's informal meeting of Security Council delegates, which was attended by the Ukranian delegate but not by Mr. Andrei Gromyko (Russia), centred on two main points:

(1) A truce in Palestine; (2) The importance of establishing principles on which nations should be chosen to implement partition, by force if required.

Mr. Warren Austin, United States, emphasised the importance of getting co-operation from Britain in the truce talks do to implement a truce between now and May 15, when the Mandate ends.

No specific proposals were made today about implementation of a truce after May 15 as it was understood the Security Council delegates would wait until Dr. Lopez's negotiations were further advanced.

The delegates present agreed to think over the principles which should govern the choice of powers which might eventually have to enforce the trusteeship agreement with their own armies.

A United States spokesman said his delegation had not put forward any principles and was waiting for other countries to make suggestions.

JEWISH PLANE BOMBS BESIEGING ARABS

JERUSALEM, April 7 (Reuter): A Jewish plane today bombed a strong force of Arabs beseiging men of the Haganah, the Jewish defence force, in the Arab village of Castel, which they occupied four days ago.

Police reports said the plane dropped 11 bombs in three bombing runs over the Arab positions encircling Castel, but there were no reports of casualties.

Strikers Paralyse Egypt's Normal Life

CAIRO, April 7. (Reuter): One thousand five hundred male nurses at the Fuad Alawal and Kasa El Aini hospitals—Cairo's largest—who went on strike last night demanding higher wages, this morning rejected attempts by the Minister of Public Health Iskandar Pasha, to persuade them to return to work

Press reports here said the men refused to administer oxygen to dying patients.

Cairo's tramway workers, meeting last night, threatened to strike on April 25, if the Government did not satisfy their demands for increased wages.

MOUNTBATTEN FOR MOSCOW?

LONDON, April 7. (I.P.A.): Earl Mountbatten's political acumen as a statesman during his tenure of Viceroyalty in India is reported to have been recognized by the British Foreign Secretary Mr. Bevin who is understood to be tipping Mountbatten as Ambassador to Moscow

Authoritative circles in London deny any knowledge whether Mountbatten has accepted or refused the new job.

NIZAM & GOA

NEW DELHI, April 7. (IPA): The announcement about the appointments of Nizam's Agents-General for various countries, Indian Press Association's Political Correspondent considers to be a move on the part of the Nizam to proclaim his State as independent soon after the Standstill Agreement expires. The Agents-General are expected, in the countries to which they are attached, to promote the Nizam's cause for an independent status and also procure planes, armaments and other material for the State. Intensive propaganda to achieve their aims and objects will be undertaken by leading publicists of their respective countries.

The raids in the Union territory by Nizam's armed forces and the marauding Razakars, and placing of military in full battle array along the borders of the Bombay Province, observers here feel, to be a step pregnant with dangerous possibilities. It is learnt that at a critical moment the Nizam's forces may make a dash through the 100 mile "corridor" and enter Goa where the Portuguese expeditionary Forces are constantly patrolling the Goa-Bombay borders. In this connection it is significant to note that the Princess of Berar now on her way to London is expected to visit Lisbon.

It is felt in political circles here that the proposed visit to Lisbon of the Princess of Berar is not without a political significance. Sensational developments are expected shortly which may result in some "political and diplomatic understanding between Hyderabad and Portugal.

Truman's Invitation To Nehru

NEW DELHI, April 7 (UPA): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has informed President Truman that he would be "very happy" to accept the President's invitation to visit Washington, but could not set a date for such a visit, a Government spokesman told the United Press of America today

Stop Press

LATEST FROM BOGOTA

BOGOTA, April 7 (Reuter): Argentina and Guatemala today formally called on the other 19 nations at the Pan-American Conference here to support their campaign to rid the Western Hemisphere of European Colonies.

PAY COMMISSION FOR KOLAR MINERS

BANGALORE, April 7 (API): Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, Labour Minister, Mysore Government, told a deputation of Labour leaders from Kolar gold fields that Government would appoint a Pay Commission to go into the question of wages in gold mines

DANISH TROOPS

COPENHAGEN, April 7 (UPA) The Danish Prime Minister, Hans Hedtoft, told Parliament today that only half of the Danish troops will be permitted leaves over the week-end and holidays because "we cannot do without preparation in these days".

ARAB GUERILLAS

LONDON April 7 (Reuter): Britain has made representations to all the Arab States except the Yemen within the last few days urging them not to permit Arab guerillas to invade Palestine, it was authoritatively learned here tonight.

NINE GERMAN WORKERS KILLED

REGENSBURG (U.S. Zone, Germany) April 7 (Reuter) Nine German workers were killed, three seriously and one slightly wounded in an ammunition dump explosion today at Hainsroxer near here, the German News Service, "Dena", reported.

CZECHS IN EXILE TO FORM GOVT.

Will Fight "Fanatical" Minority Oppressing Freedom-loving People

LONDON, April 7. (U.P.A.). The first step in setting up a Czechoslovak Government in exile was taken today by top officials of four anti-communist parties which had won 62 per cent of the national votes in the last elections at home.

The General Secretaries of the four parties together with Dr. Josef Letterich, President of the Slovak National Council formed a "Czechoslovakian Relief Committee for "Political Refugees".

The Committee, headquartered in a London suburb, issued a statement, saying that "Czechoslovakia has once more fallen victim to brute force but freedom has been destroyed and her democratic institutions undermined. Once more the freedom-loving people of Czechoslovakia are oppressed by a fanatical minority and thousands of men and women are persecuted and arrested".

The statement is the first collective pronouncement of anti-communist Czech political leaders who left Czechoslovakia during the last few weeks. Former Czech Ambassador to Washington Juraj Slavik and former Czech representative on the United Nations Security Council Jan Papanek were among the signatories

KASHMIR RAIDERS' CASUALTIES

NEW DELHI, April 7 (API): Latest Indian Army estimates put the number of raiders still operating on the Jammu and Kiyyaair front at between 20,000 and 21,000. The Army Commander, Western Command, told pressmen today that there were still some 14,000 raiders operating in the Kashmir Valley—mainly on the Uri front, and between 6 and 7,000 in Jammu—on the Naushera Poonch and Bhimber sectors.

The total number of raiders killed since the operations began in November was 3,000.

Indian Army casualties today were 300 and 50 killed and 700 and 50 wounded.

Travancore Maharaja Contributes One Lakh To Gandhi Memorial Fund

TRIVANDRUM, April 6 (UPA)—The Maharaja has contributed rupees one lakh to the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund, the Prime Minister, Pattom Thanu Pillai announced this evening.

C. P Donates Over Two Lakhs

NAGPUR April 6 (API): Donations totalling over two and a half lakhs of rupees to the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund were announced today the first day of the Nations Week in Nagpur

The Congress President Dr Rajendra Prasad came to Nagpur this afternoon to inaugurate the National Week

Holkar's Donation

INDORE, April 7 (U.P.I.): His Highness the Maharaja Holkar has given a donation of Rs. 5 lakhs towards Gandhi National Memorial Fund He has also agreed to become Chief Patron of the Committee established in Indore to collect contributions towards the Fund.

BIHAR QUOTA FOR GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

PATNA, April 6 (A.P.I.): The target figure for the Gandhi National Memorial Fund in Bihar has been fixed at Rs. 55 crores, the Target for India being Rs. 180 crores

LONDON, April 6 (UPI): The High Commissioner for India, Mr. V K Krishna Menon, opened today the 12th Annual Conference of the Federation of Indian Student Societies in Great Britain and Europe (Fedind), at the Loch Lomond Hostel, Scotland.

British Reject Russian Explanation

Proposal Of Terms For Joint Inquiry Into 'Viking' Disaster

BERLIN APRIL 7, (REUTER): RUSSIAN ALLEGATIONS THAT THE BRITISH VIKING IN COLLISION WITH A SOVIET FIGHTER PLANE OVER BERLIN ON MONDAY BROKE FLYING REGULATIONS WHEN IT "SUDDENLY SHOT OUT OF A CLOUD BANK" WERE IMMEDIATELY DENIED BY BRITISH OFFICIALS TODAY.

The account given by a Soviet inquiry Commission was "palpably untrue, they said.

INQUEST ADJOURNED SINE DIE

Against this background of official controversy, the inquest on the 14 people who died in the VIKING opened at a hospital in Spandau in the British sector of Berlin, but was adjourned sine die after taking evidence of identification only.

Eight of the victims were being flown to Britain today in a DAKOTA for burial.

Two more Britons will be cremated and two others buried here.

AIR REGULATIONS

The Russians had repeatedly brought up the question of revising the air regulations but the Western representatives had refused to examine them the agency declared findings of the Soviet Inquiry Commission, according to "TAEGLICHE RUNDSCHAU", organ of the Russian Military Government, were: (1) the VIKING shot out of a cloudbank between 1,300 feet and 1,650 feet over the Soviet airfield of Daligow, five miles north of the British airport of Gatow.

(2) The British administration did not inform the Berlin Air Safety Centre of the VIKING'S flight and consequently the Safety Centre could not inform the Soviet aircraft" which was about to land from a training flight.

The report urged a mixed Soviet-British Inquiry Commission.

Soviet Enquiry Commission Findings In Berlin Air Crash

BERLIN, April 7. (Reuter): The Soviet Inquiry Commission, which investigated the cause of last Monday's collision between a British Viking aircraft and a Russian fighter plane, declared that the British aircraft "infringed flying regulations by suddenly shooting out of a cloud bank", according to a Soviet news agency report published to-day in the "Taegische Rungschau."

The Soviet Commission said the collision occurred over the Soviet airfield of Daligow, about five miles north-west of the British airport, at Gatow where, it alleged, the British aircraft had no right to be without previously notifying the Berlin air safety centre.

The Soviet Commission report stated: "No aircraft must fly over the traffic area of an airport unless it wants to land there.

"No allied plane must approach an airfield of another nation nearer than two miles or less than 2,26.000 feet in height without previous permission of the Berlin airsafety centre

The British plane approached within half a mile of the Soviet airfield at Daligow and at a height of between 1,300 and 1,650 feet.

"There were clouds over the airfield from 1,650 feet to 2,000 feet", the report continued.

"The Soviet airman, who was on a training flight, circled the airfield at a height of 1,350 feet As his flight was coming to an end he released his undercarriage and was on the point of landing

"At this moment the British plane came shooting down out of the clouds. It hit the tail of the Soviet plane with its motors and destroyed the tail The Soviet plane lost control hit the ground and was smashed. The British plane also lost control, caught fire, began to fall to pieces and burned out."

The Soviet report alleged that the British administration at Kladow did not inform the Berlin air safety centre of the British planes flight and consequently the safety centre could not inform the Soviet airport".

The report concluded by suggesting that a mixed British Soviet inquiry commission should be set up

SIAMESE CABINET RESIGNS

BANGKOK, April 7 (Reuter): The Siamese Cabinet headed by Luang Khwang Abhaiwong, which was formed on February 25, resigned today.

Unconfirmed reports said that Field Marshal Songkkram, war-time Premier who is at present the Commander-in-Chief may form a new Government.

The Cabinet resignation followed all night conferences between the Premier and his colleagues and leaders of the "coup d'etat" last November. The Khwang Government was set up as a result of the "coup".

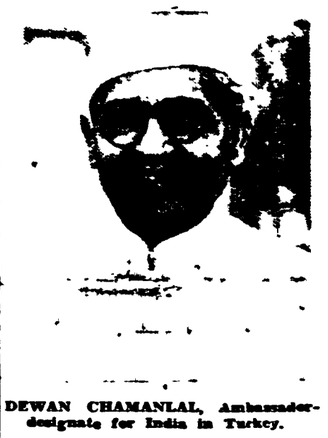
MUSLIMS RETURNING TO INDIA

KARACHI April 7 (API): About 81,000 Muslims have returned to various places in the Indian Union from Sind during the last month.

BUDDHIST MONKS' FIERY ORDEAL

SHANGHAI, April 7 (UPA): More than 20 Buddhist monks died on Wednesday after refusing to escape from a fire which completely destroyed the 1,000-year-old Kingshan temple, near Chinkiang, 140 miles west of Shanghai.

Witnesses reported the Buddhists calmly continued intoning the scriptures, as the flames engulfed the temple. They ignored fire fighters' orders, going to their death with the traditional Buddhist philosophy of self-denial.



DEWAN CHAMANLAL, Ambassador-designate for India in Turkey.

Monty Dines With Russian C-in-C In Germany

BERLIN, April 7. (Reuter): Field Marshal Vassily Sokolovsky, Russian Commander-in-Chief in Germany, dined with Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery at the British Military Governor's residence here last night while other Allied officials, British and American, still awaited a Russian reply to letters suggesting meetings on the new Russian traffic regulations

In addition to the two Field Marshals, the British Deputy Military Governor, Major-General Sir Neville Brownjohn and one Russian and one British interpreter also attended the dinner

Earlier Lord Montgomery had what was described as a "social luncheon with the United States and French Military Governors of Germany General Lucius Clay and General Koening.

General Clay stated that at the luncheon there was no conversation on the present situation in Germany

An official British statement issued after the dinner described it as "entirely informal in character"

Dewey And MacArthur Lose First Round In U.S. Election

MILWAUKEE (Wisconsin), April 6 (Reuter). First returns in the Wisconsin primary elections for the Republican candidate for the United States presidency appeared to have dealt a set back to General Douglas MacArthur Allied Supreme Commander in Japan

Mr. Harold Stassen former Governor of Minnesota, had a clear lead so far over both general MacArthur and Mr. Thomas Dewey, Governor of New York.

The Wisconsin primary is generally regarded as setting the pace for the primary election throughout the United States

REFUELLING IN AIR

WASHINGTON, April 6 (UPA). The Air Force disclosed officially today that bomber range could be increased 40-75 per cent by refuelling in the air.

The statement foreshadowing significant changes in air strategy, revealed that the refuelling of formations in flight over the Arctic region was now considered "operationally feasible". This would increase the B-29 range to 8,000 miles and the B-36 range to 14,000 miles.

Bombay Races

FAVOURITES DISAPPOINT AGAIN AT MAHALUXMI

Aziz Scores Narrowly In Chief Event

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

WEDNESDAY, April 7.

The crowd today at Mahaluxmi at the decision of the extra day meeting was lean and followers of the favourites again fared disastrously as only two well backed horses materialised in the programme of eight events.

Aziz, the public choice scored narrowly in the day's chief event The Aundh Plate from Fair Haven, his stable mate. The latter, Antoo astride, made all the running and only succumbed in the desperate finish at the critical end.

Trainer Buckley pulled a rich treble through the medium of C. G. Merry Windsor and Windsor Park in their respective events and is now topping the list of winning trainers.

Windsor Park, the short-head winner of the last event, the first division of the Moderate Plate was the best performer of the day. The Rajpipla-owned gelding trailed the field till the home-turn and most of his followers had completely lost confidence but with nearly thirty yards left to go, B. Khade made a spectacular effort through the field on the railside and narrowly deprived the win from Arowhena who was being hailed the winner.

Thirty-eight punters who solved the treble event pool received Rs. 3,583 each.

The following are the results:—

THE DECCAN PLATE Division III —Distance 6 furlongs.

Maharani Chimnabai's C. G. 9-0 Uttamsingh 1
Mr. S. J. Bharucha's ALMA 9-0 S. Chavan 2
Prince Jaysinh's UNTAMED PRINCE 9-0 Aurobinda 3
Mr. K. M. Patel's AMIN 9-0 Kheemsingh 4

Won by 1/2 length, 1 1/4 lengths, and 1/2 length.
Time: 1 minute 18 2/5 seconds.
Not run: Wet Bob, Steve, Battle Out, Lady Chief, Midinette.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 79. Places Rs. 22, Rs. 22 and Rs. 16.

THE DECCAN PLATE Division II —Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. T. A. Husein's PROSPERO 9-0 Damodar 1
Rajya Ratna M. C. Patel's KING SHERIDAN 9-0 Cunningham 2
Khan Bahadur H. K. Shaikh's PRINCE JEHANGIR 9-0 Purtusingh 3
Mr. W. W. Walker's MA CHERIE 8-11 Uttamsingh 4

Won by 2 1/4 lengths, 2 1/2 lengths, 1 1/2 lengths.
Time: 17 minutes 3/5 seconds.
Not run: Jahangir, Battling Admiral.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 23. Places Rs. 11, Rs. 13 and Rs. 11.

THE MODERATE PLATE Division II—Distance 7 furlongs.

Maharaja of Rajpipla's MERRY WINDSOR 8-12 Jagdish 1
H. H. Akkasaheb Maharaj's GOLDEN HORN 8-12 Mullsingh 2
Mr. Ahmed Abbas's HIKMET 8-13 Aurobinda 3
Mr. A. S. Tyebjee's TANTALUM 8-13 Cunningham 4

Won by S-hd, 2 1/2 lengths, Hd.
Time: 1 minute 29 3/5 seconds.
Not run: Azad Hind, Her Excellency, She's Nice.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 201. Places Rs. 52, Rs. 17 and Rs. 29

THE DECCAN PLATE Division I —Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. P. B. Avasia's GAY PILOT 9-0 P. Khade 1
Mr. T. A. Husein's RASHTRAPATI 9-0 Damodar 2
Major A. Svamvur's BIG HEARTED 8-11 Chavan 3
M/s. A. S. Motabhoy and S. Fazli's CRESCENT 9-0 Purtoosingh 4

Won by 1 1/2 lengths, 2 lengths. 3 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 17 2/5 seconds.
Not run: Revel On, Yearling, Trunk Call.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 50. Places Rs. 13 and Rs. 11.

THE BARRA SAHIB PLATE Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. N. G. Peermahomed's NIZAMUDDIN 8-5 Shaikh 1
M/s. A. H. Ahmedbhoy and Purshotam Jethabhai's BAAZ BAHADUR 9-2 Kheemsingh 2
Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Wadia's RIVIERA 8-8 Jagdish 3
M/s. Currim Rahim and R. S. Mistry's CALTEX 9-0 Purtoosingh 4

Won by 2 1/2 lengths, 1 1/4 lengths, Hd.
Time: 1 minute 16 1/5 seconds.
Not run: Hindustan Zindabad.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 101. Places Rs. 17, Rs. 14 and Rs. 14.

THE AUNDH PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

M/s. Chandulal J. Shah and A. H. Ahmedbhoy's AZIZ 9-0 Kheemsingh 1
M/s. Syed Amjad Ali and Mohamed Moloobhoy's FAIR HAVEN 9-0 Antoo 2
Rao Saheb D. K. Parker's DUKE OF RAMGARH 7-11 S. Chavan 3
Mr. A. S. Motabhoy's NEAR IMAGE 8-12 Gumansingh 4

Won by 1 3/4 lengths, S-hd.
Time: 1 minute 15 seconds.
Not run: Snehprabha, Pom Pom II
Tote paid: Win Rs. 22 Places Rs. 12, Rs. 16 and Rs. 20.

THE BARRA SAHIB PLATE Division II—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. G. L. Jobanputra's PRESIDENT 7-0 J. Bhosle 1
Mr. M. Hussain Salemahomed's INVADER 8-10 Aurobinda 2
Mr. E. Reuben's GLITTER 9-1 Poshni 3
Mr. Motilal Rajvansh's TRAITOR 8-11 Medhe 4

Won by 3/4 length, 1 1/4 lengths, 1 1/4 lengths.
Time 1 minute 17 1/5 seconds.
Not run: Killarney, Peace Treaty.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 74. Places Rs. 19, Rs. 23 and Rs. 14.

THE MODERATE PLATE Division I—Distance 7 furlongs.

Maharaja of Rajpipla's WINDSOR PARK 8-3 B. Khade 1
Mr. A. J. Moshi's AROWHENA 9-0 Aurobinda 2
Mrs. M. C. Patel's GHIZALA 8-10 Kasbekar 3
Mr. Nariman R. Sukhia's EMBARKATION 8-7 P. Khade 4

Not run: Princess Padma, French Prior.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 122. Places Rs. 32, Rs. 18 and Rs. 27.

NAYUDU'S ADVICE TO MADRAS CRICKETEERS

Emphasises Need For Practice "Twice A Day"

MADRAS, April 7 (API): Interviewed over the air by the All India Radio commentator, Mr. Cril Pitts, Col. C. K. Nayudu said he was of the opinion the standard of cricket in Madras had gone up considerably in the past 10 years. He was particularly impressed, he said, with the fielding of the Madras team.

Asked what advice and suggestions he had to offer to the young cricketers of this presidency, Col. Nayudu emphasised the great need there was for practice. He exhorted all aspirants for cricketing laurels "to practice not every day, but twice a day, if possible".

He was also of the opinion that net-practice alone was not sufficient. As the Ranji tournament matches were few, he suggested Madras should try to have a large number of fixtures, both inter-club and inter-provincial, to offer the players an opportunity to acquire with practice the skill and temperament required for playing three-day matches of first class standard.

Col. Nayudu said he was happy to note a definite all-round improvement in the game of Sarwate, C. S. Nayudu and Rangachari consequent on the experience they had gained in the Australian tour. He had watched other members of the Indian team too. Each one of them appeared the better for his experience. Col. Nayudu felt their standard had gone up by 50 per cent.

Remarking on the Madras cricket audience, Col. Nayudu said he and other cricketers always loved to play in Madras because of sporting spirit and intelligent appreciation of the spectators who come to watch.

KIRKEE UNITED'S NARROW WIN

Kalyanmal Win After Blank First Half

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Kirkee United	1
Kirkeeans	0
and	
Kalyanmal Mills	3
Govt. of India Press, Aligarh	1

Both the matches played this evening in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament were keenly contested and although the Kalyanmal side won comfortably the match was not quite as one-sided as might be suggested by the final scores.

The failure of Dada and A. Pacheco to convert some excellant Pillay passes cost the Kirkeeans their match against their local rivals the Kirkee. United. Pillay gave at least four useful passes which could have been turned into goal by the remaining two inner forwards. Both of them, however, failed and were substantially responsible for the defeat of their side.

The only goal of this match came mid-way through the second half when centre-forward D. N. Nimal converted a pass from inside-left G. N Nimal.

At full back J. Phillips was easily the most outstanding player of the match. His clearances and breaking up of moves were as sound as they were fruitful to their side. He almost invariably made good use of the ball even when clearing and gave his forwards a chance to penetrate their opponents' territory. When his side was one goal in arrears Phillips made repeated excursions well into the winners' territory and sought to supplement the forward line. Pillay and Perumal were sound without being particularly brilliant. Perumal was playing in the unusual position of centre-half instead of right-half as is his won't.

THE TEAMS:

Kirkee United:—B R. Shinde; G. N. Matellu and B. Darekar; Atma Singh, B. N. Nimal and F. D. Montis; S. Christy, F. Gabriel, D. N. Nimal, G. N. Nimal and F. Xavier.

Kirkeeans:— A. Phillips; J. Phillips and Pyrelal; Yousouf, Perumal and S. Matellu; P. Rodrigues. M. Pillay, Dada, A. Pacheco and R. S. Bhatia.

Forced to share a blank half with their rivals the Kalyanmals had a very anxious time before finally settling down on the road to victory. Wahidullah a former Kamla Club player was in magnificent form and held almost the entire front line of the Indore side in check during the first half. His anticipation and hefty clearances often transferred play to the other end and enabled his forwards to have a say in the proceedings. Another former Kamla Club player inside right Idris caused the defenders a good deal of concern by his initiative and enthusiastic pursuit of the ball. Akhtar Hussein was, nowever, equal to the occasion and saved his side on many occasions.

The blank score-board at the breather was a rather correct index of the half an hour's play. Although the Indore side enjoyed a slight territorial advantage it was almost negligible and the Aligarh men deserve full credit for tackling a side of such stalwarts with determination.

After Suntoo Ram had scored two goals for his side, the Aligarh centre-forward Gai Raj reduced the arrears only to see Suntoo Ram score once again and finish the match with a 3-1 victory.

The Teams:

Kalyanmal Mills—Babban; A. Munir and Akhtar Hussein; Mohanlal, Durga Prasad and B. Munir; Gendalal Rozario, Suntoo Ram, K. T. Pillay and Champalal.

Government Press , Aligarh:— Wahid Uddin; Ajudhiy Nath Mehra and Wahidullah; Agha Kazni, V. D. Mital and Didar Singh; Laiq, Idris, Gai Raj, Massih Ullah and B. Tewari.

DOCTORATE TO CHETTY

NEW DELHI, April 6 (A.P.I.): Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, Finance Minister, will receive the honorary degree of Doctor of Literature from the Annamalai university, Chidambaram, on April 20 Mr. Chetty will leave Delhi on April 11.

Indian State Scholars Blame Government

Will Be Faced With Unemployment When They Return

LUSS ON LOCH LOMOND, SCOTLAND, April 7 (Reuter Six hundred Indian State scholars, who cost their Government 40 lakhs of rupees a year, complained here last night through their delegates that when they returned to India they would be faced with unemployment".

Speaking at a conference of India students here in the Scottish Highlands, Mr. S. Prasad of Patna proposed a resolution urging the Indian Government to speed up its plans for industrial reconstruction so that more jobs could be found.

The resolution, which accused the Government departments of an "unhelpful attitude" to returned students was passed unanimously.

The suggestion was made that if work was not found for a student he should be paid a sum of Rs. 1,000 returnable in suitable instalments.

If after three months the student was still unemployed he should be free to seek employment outside Government organisations.

The President, Mr. J. C. Das Gupta of Calcutta, said he had received fifteen letters from returned State scholars who were walking the streets of New Delhi and Calcutta looking for jobs.

Another delegate said that it was for the students to make their own careers and not expect the Government to do it for them.

The students passed a resolution that state scholars regarded their stay in Britain as "a sacred trust" and "wished to serve the cause of the common man."

Another resolution, moved by Mr. Iswaran Nambisan, of Malabar, urged the adoption of an All-India language, which would be essential if Indian science were to achieve its proper place in the world.

VAST OPENINGS IN NEW INDIA

LOCH LOMOND, Scotland, April 6 (Reuter): The High Commissioner for India, Mr. V.K. Krishna Menon told the Indian State Scholars' Association here today that there were vast openings in the new India for those young people with technical knowledge and the spirit and humility require for national service.

Mentioning that India's educational commitments in Britain were probably half a million sterling a year, he said that in spite of its preoccupation, the Government had never been lacking in its care of students abroad.

He hoped this quality would expand rather than contract because money invested in the training of young people for the advancement of civilisation was an investment for peace and security.

The High Commissioner had travelled nine hours by rail from London and another hour by road from Glasgow, the Scottish commercial capital, to be present at this famous beauty spot.

Professor W. M. Comming, Professor of Technical Chemistry at the Royal Technical College, Glasgow, who has been concerned with Indian students for 25 years, said he hoped they would all go back to India feeling they had gained something intangible perhaps but of great value.

Science students, first and foremost, were citizens. There was something wrong with science if it did not contribute something to citizenship, he said.

Hoffman Nominated For E. R. P. Director

WASHINGTON, April 6, (UPA) President Truman today nominated Paul G. Hoffman, of the Studebaker Corporation to be director of the European Emergency Relief Program.

Truman signed the nomination papers as he sat in the reviewing stand on Constitution Avenue watching the Army Day Parade. The nomination was immediately taken to the Senate.

Hoffman arrived here early today from Japan where he had been a member of the Army economic mission.

Madras Suffers Innings Defeat

Sarwate's Brilliant Charge Brings Down 7 Wickets

MADRAS, April 7 (API): Thanks to the magnificent bowling of C. T. Sarwate who returned the brilliant analysis of 7 wickets for 20 runs including a hat-trick, the Holkar Cricket Association, holders of the Ranji Trophy, defeated the Madras Cricket Association by an innings and 170 runs in a two-day cricket match which ended 90 minutes before the scheduled closing time here today. Sarwate was almost unplayable most of the time.

C. S. Nayudu accounted for the remaining three Madras wickets conceding the same number of runs as Sarwate.

Holkar who had scored 402 runs for the loss of nine wickets at lunch, applied closure at the same total. The Holkar innings lasted about five hours.

Faced with a deficit of 140 runs to avert an innings defeat, Madras opened their second knock cautiously and collected 22 runs in 35 minutes. But the minute Sarwate took charge of the attack, there was no resistance and the whole side collapsed for a paltry total of 70 runs.

The Madras second innings lasted only 90 minutes.

SCORE BOARD:

HOLKAR (FIRST INNINGS)
(for 9 wkts. dec.) 402

MADRAS (SECOND INNINGS)

M. O. Srinivasan lbw b Sarwate	12
Prakash lbw b Sarwate	14
Kannairam b Sarwate	15
Mardi b Sarwate	0
Raja of Pudukotah c Salim Khan b Sarwate	0
Kannan c Kunzru b C. S. Nayudu	0
M. J. Gopalan b C. S. Nayudu	9
Abraham b Sarwate	4
Rangachari c Mushtaq Ali b C. S. Nayudu	9
Ranganathan st. Bhandarkar b Sarwate	3
Anatharama Rao (not out)	Nil
Extras	4
Total	70

FALL OF WKTS.: 1|12, 2|41, 3|41, 4|41 5|42, 6|54, 7|54, 8|58, 9|70, 10|70.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Nimbalkar	5	0	13	0
Jagdale	6	0	13	0
Sarwate	9.4	2	20	7
C. S. Nayudu	8	2	20	3

Kathiawar Badminton Results

RAJKOT, April 5 (API): The first open badminton tournament to be staged in Kathiawar concluded last night at the European Gymkhana when Darbarsaheb of Bilkha gave away the prizes. Following are the results:—

LADIES SINGLES winner Miss Maria Gunsalves.

MIXED DOUBLES winners Mrs. N. M. Buch and Mr. Basant Singh.

MEN'S SINGLES winner Mr. Udiavar.

MEN'S DOUBLES winners Messrs. Udiavar and Date.

All the four trophies were contributed by the Darbarsaheb of Bilkha.

Echo Of Round Up Of Communists

Adjournment Motion In Dominion Parliament On Treatment In Jail Withdrawn

NEW DELHI, April 7 (API).—The reported hunger-strike by political and Trade Union workers detained in Delhi District Jail came up before the Dominion Parliament today.

Mr. Yudhisthir Mishra had sought to move an adjournment motion to discuss "the ill-treatment in Delhi District Jail of political and Trade Union workers recently arrested and detained and consequent hunger-strike undertaken by them for the last seven days as a protest against the said ill-treatment as reported in the evening "National Call" of April 6 and in the "Statesman" and "Indians News Chronicle" of April 7."

The Speaker said he believed that by "political workers", Mr. Mishra meant communists.

Mr. Mishra said that these political prisoners were reported to have been supplied bad food inside the jail and that they were not treated as detenus but as ordinary criminals and had been put in "C" class.

JAWAHAR'S STATEMENT

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Leader of the House, said that as pointed out by the Speaker, the motion contained a number of rather separate things. Personally he was not aware of the fact that any person was undergoing a hunger-strike or that there were any complaints about food. As soon as he heard about them this morning, he immediately took steps to make enquiries. He would inquire into the matter and take such steps as he could to remove any legitimate grievances in regard to ill-treatment or food.

About the general question of arrest, etc., it related ultimately to a number of arrests that had been made in Delhi. Arrests had been made, it so happened, of members of a particular group or party for, he hoped, a relatively temporary period, because it was considered a little dangerous by Government from the point of view of security services and such like services not to take such action at this stage. So action was taken in Delhi and in some other places too. He did not think that it would be desirable, or suitable, for the House to consider it in the form of an adjournment motion.

Mr. Mishra said that in view of the reply given by the Prime Minister that he would look into the matter he did not want to press the motion.

Pledge To Mahatma Shall Be Respected

Nehru's Reply To Question In Dominion Parliament

NEW DELHI, April 7 (API).—The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, referred in the Dominion Parliament today in reply to Mr. H. V. Kamath to the pledges given by the Central Peace Committee to Mahatma Gandhi and endorsed on behalf of Government. These pledges related mainly to the treatment of Muslims in Delhi. "Government are naturally anxious", said Pandit Nehru, "that any pledges given to the Father of the Nation and to the public generally should be respected."

Pandit Nehru replied in answer to supplementaries that no question of generosity was involved in it. It was a question of the outlook of a State. "We have declared that ours is a Secular State (Hear, hear). The other State, so far as I know, is not a Secular State. Are we then to follow the line which others take and not treat our State as a Secular State?"

Pandit Nehru pointed out that a person's religion did not make him loyal or disloyal to a State. "At the present moment we have said that we would welcome people who had gone away from the City of Delhi to come back. Naturally, while we welcome them, the fact of their coming back, numbers and accommodation, is governed by all manner or difficult factors. All these factors cannot be overlooked; nevertheless the fact is that because a person is a Muslim he is not kept out. He is welcome to come back here."

INDIA GOVT.'S LOAN FOR W. BENGAL

For Meeting Increasing Influx Of Refugees From E. Pakistan

NEW DELHI, April 7 (UPI).—Mr. Nikunja Behari Maiti, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, West Bengal Government, who was on a short visit to Delhi, had a series of interviews with Mr. K. C. Neogy, Relief and Rehabilitation Minister of the Central Government, during the last two days.

It is understood that Mr. Maiti placed before Mr. Neogy a scheme drawn up by the West Bengal Government for tackling the problems of relief and rehabilitation of refugees from Eastern Pakistan.

The "United Press" gathers that the West Bengal Government has asked for a lump grant or a loan from the Government of India, to the tune of Rs. 8 crores, as the first instalment, to enable them to deal with the new problems created by the increasing influx of refugees from Eastern Pakistan.

The Government of India is understood to have expressed its willingness to accommodate the West Bengal Government with the loan asked for.

32 ARRESTED FOR RIOTING IN ALGIERS

ALGIERS, April 6 (Reuter)—Nationalist leaders and Municipal Councillors were among 32 people arrested today for Sunday's election riots at Champlain, in the Aumale sub-prefecture of Algeria.

The police were fired on by demonstrators who set fire to cars and a House on Sunday.

Other arrestes are expected.

Taylor Carries Letter From President To Pope

WASHINGTON, April 6 (UPA): The White House confirmed today the Rome reports that Myron Taylor, Truman's special envoy to the Vatican, carried a letter from the President to the Pope, on his current mission as he did on his earlier trips to the Vatican.

The White House sources doubted that the letter had any bearing on the forthcoming Italian elections.

Lohia Wants Programme Of Positive Peace

NEW DELHI, April 6 (API): Addressing a press conference here this evening on "India's foreign policy", Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, Socialist leader demanded a categorical declaration from the Government of India that "it shall not join war."

Dr. Lohia said that India's foreign policy should be based on what he called four pillars of Socialism— solidarity of all democratic Socialist parties and peoples of the world, regional federation of South East Asian countries, programme of positive peace, and internal reconstruction by introducing industrial and agrarian reforms.

Dr. Lohia emphasised the need for a "programme of positive peace" for India and said that the Government of India had failed to enunciate a common peace programme for the world. He wanted a bold declaration by the Government that "under any circumstances" it shall not war."

COMMUNIST SPONSORED PLEBISCITE FOR SOVIET ZONE OF GERMANY

BERLIN, April 6, (UPA): The Russian controlled Berlin Radio said today that a communist sponsored plebiscite would be held in the Soviet occupation zone May 23-June 13 to determine whether the Germans in it wanted a united Government.

Russia's move, which is the answer to the economic merger of the United States and British zones, has been long awaited. Presumably, it meant that for months or longer Germany would be separated into eastern and western halves instead of being administered as planned under a Four Power regime.

The announcement came a few hours after General Lucius D. Clay, United States Commander-in-Chief, told his troops that their occupation of Germany must be continued despite all handicaps until there was real peace in Europe. He said the Germans now had no Government on a national level "except a military four power Government which has not proved effective."

He pointed out that since the merger of the United States and British zones a formal invitation to join it had been standing to France and Russia. He said, "Increasingly, Soviet opposition to such a fusion becomes evident. Cooperation with the French is presently definite and improving."

6,000,0000 Italian Workers To Strike For One-Hour

ROME, April 6, (UPA): Communist dominated Labour Federation today ordered 6,000,000 workers to strike for one hour April 12 as a protest against the slaying of communist labour leaders in Sicily.

The Confederation's Executive Committee called the strike after voting against a day-long work stoppage because it would be "too drastic."

Meanwhile, reports of violence streamed into the Ministry of Interior.

Terms Communists 'Gang Of Super-Gangsters'

CLEVELAND, April 6, (UPA): General George Kenney today termed communists a "gang of super-gangsters."

The general, who heads the Strategic Air Command, told an Army Day luncheon that "we need the number one air force of the world."

In Detroit, General Lawton Collins, deputy chief of staff, declared that the next war will be so destructive that any delay in bringing it to a speedy end "would rightly be construed as criminal negligence of our homeland and of our posterity."

Maj.-Gen. Louis Hershey, Selective Service director during the recent war, said in Columbus, Ohio, that the manpower needs, in the event of a third world war, will be greater than ever before. He added that he was not pessimistic about peace.

No Ban On Communists In Australia

CANBERRA, April 6 (Reuter)—The Australian Government sees no need for an inquiry into subversive activities or for a ban on Communists, Mr. Joseph Chifley, Premier told the Parliamentary Labour Party here today.

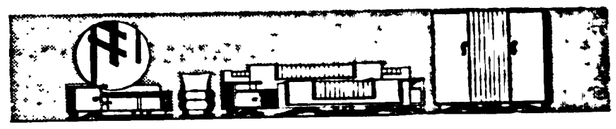
He was answering a resolution asking for the inquiry, and he added that a ban on Communists would be contrary to the democratic principles espoused by the Labour Party.

The Government considered that security and police checks were sufficient to keep subversive activities under complete control.

Russian Calls For Intensified Struggle Against Bribery, Thefts And Bad Production

MOSCOW, April 6 (UPA): G. N. Safonov, General prosecutor of the Soviet Union, called for an intensified struggle against thefts, bribery and production of unsatisfactory goods, last night in an address before the All Union Conference of Prosecutors.

He said that the theft rate is dropping in areas where the decree of last June, increasing penalties, is diligently applied. He said, however, the some prosecutors were looking in a conciliatory way upon crime by officials.



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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Vad 14, 2004
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 27, 1367.
Parsi: Avan 8, 1317
Sunrise: 6-27 a.m. Sunset: 18-54 p.m
Hightide: 11-35, 23-44. Lowtide: 05-28, 17-30.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3-40 p.m. (S.T.).

To-day's Engagements

PRARTHANA SAMAJ: 81st Anniversary Saints' Day Lecture in Marathi by Mr. G. L. Chandavarkar on "Abraham Lincoln" today (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and Councillors of Ward No. 18 Nagpada will meet near Victoria Gardens Road Junction, New Nagpada tomorrow (Friday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.), to go round the Ward. Residents who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present.

BOMBAY AUTOMOBILE EMPLOYEES' UNION: A meeting of Union at the Union Office in Congress House under the presidentship of Sri R. Rajagopalan of Ford Motor Company of India Ltd., today at 6-30 p.m. in order to elect Managing Committee members for the year 1948-49 and also to prepare for the Bombay Automobile Employees Conference to be held on Sunday, 11th instant, at 10 a.m. at Jinnah Hall, Congress House, under the Presidentship of Sri S. K. Patil.

NATIONAL WEEK MEETING AT CHINCH BUNDER

BOMBAY, April 7, (A.P.I.): Today's National week meeting, scheduled to be held at Chinch Bunder at 9 p.m. has been cancelled and will be held tomorrow at the same place and at the same time, says an announcement from Congress House. Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, and Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Law and Civil Supplies, will address the meeting.

NATIONAL WEEK: TODAYS PROGRAMME: 9 p.m. Public Meeting at New Chinch Bunder. The Hon'ble Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister, Government of Bombay will preside and Mr. G. N. Desai, Col. G. S. Dhillon and Mr. Salebhai Abdul Kadar will address.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

Change In Timing

The B.B. & C.I. Railway Gujarat Mail is now timed to arrive at Bombay Central at 7-50 a.m. instead of at 7-45. Except this, there is no change either in the arrival or departure timings of other trains.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Thursday.

244 m. (1231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m Yeshwantrai Purohit 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Yeshwantrai Purohit 12-0 p.m. Vanita Mandal Programme in Marathi for Women 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Ghazlen 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Russian Music 4-20 R. V. Ashtekar 5-0 Basavraj Bhendigiri 5-15 Children's Half Hour 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Basavraj Bhendigiri 6-30 Unch-Neech 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Dugashankar Trivedi 7-30 Khorak Kapdan Vagare Upaar Niyaman 7-45 Ustad Faiyaz Khan 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Durgashankar Trivedi 8-45 Suman Banavalikar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Sports Review 10-0 Durga Khote 10-20 The Colonne Orchestra Paris VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Bhet G. J. Watve, P. L. Deshpande, Piroj (Satarkar), G. B. Kurwalikar. G. N. Joshi, Shalini Kuday 5-45 p.m. Sheikh Chand (Nagpur) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Suman Banawalikar 8-15 Sheikh Chand 9-0 Manik Dadarkar 10-0 R. G. Ashtekar 10-20 Manik Dadarkar.

B. P. STUDENTS' CONGRESS: Meeting of workers of Bombay Provincial Students Congress today (Thursday), at 6 p.m., at 42, Kennedy Bridge.

Detrimental To Growth Of Healthy Journalism

Bombay Union Criticises Part Of New Public Security Act Provisions Regarding Press

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Union of Journalists, at its first annual general body meeting today, condemned as "a violation of democratic rights" the new provisions of the Bombay Public Security Measures Act in relation to the Press and held them to be "detrimental to the growth of healthy traditions in journalism".

Calling upon all working journalists to strengthen the Union in its efforts to secure for them better conditions, the meeting welcomed the appointment of the Press Employers and Employees Committee by the Government of Bombay to negotiate a settlement between the wo parties and, affirming its whole-hearted co-operation to the Committee in its task, expressed the hope that a fair and honourable agreement would be reached at an early date.

For securing wider support to the demands of the Union and achieving greater unity and cohesion in the ranks of journalists, it was decided to summon a provincial conference of all the members of the profession and the Executive was authorised to take steps in the direction. The action of the Executive Committee in getting the Union registered under the Indian Trade Unions Act of 1926 was confirmed.

CONDOLENCES

A resolution on Mahatma Gandhi's death, which was solemly adopted by the gathering, called upon journalists to spare no efforts in promoting the causes dear to the Mahatma. Another resolution lauded the services rendered to the profession by Mr. N. C. Kelkar, Mr. V. V. Kumtekar, Mr. D. C. Shah, Mr. G. A. Green, and Mr. M. M. Coyajee, whose deaths took place during the past year.

Amendments to the constitution were then passed.

Mr. U. G. Rao, Secretary of the Union, reading the annual report earlier, expressed satisfaction over the support extended to it by journalists.

Mr. K. Srinivasan, Editor of the "Indian Parliament", who presided, counselled the Union members to redouble their efforts to make the Union "a living and dynamic organisation".

EXECUTIVE

A 15-man Executive Committee was elected. It consists of Messrs. K. Srinivasan, R. K. Karanjia, F. G. Nair, Bhushan Rao, G. N. Acharya, U. G. Rao, S. P. Thyagarajan, S. A. Brelvi, A. P. Hudlikar, Ghate, Samuel Castelino, M. Harris, B. H. Rau, A. M. Abraham and C. K. Narayanswami.

NEW MEASURES AGAINST PRESS

The unanimously adopted resolution on the provisions of the Public Security Act in relation to the press declared, after criticising its undemocratic nature:

"The press as a whole has been and is willing to give Government its full co-operation in combating all violent, subversive and anti-national attempts, but it cannot agree to criticism of officials or the Ministers being brought under the mischief of the new Act, especially as there is no remedy in law against punishments inflicted under it.

"While placing on record its appreciation of the sense of duty with which journalists have been conducting themselves in these difficult times, this meeting appeals to all members of the profession of the need to exercise exemplary restraint in the discharge of their duties so as to promote communal harmony and discourage the tendencies to violence.

PLEA TO GOVT.

"This meeting hopes and trusts that Government will not make any hasty use of these powers and, in accordance with the declaration made by the Home Minister, they would consult the Press Advisory Committee before they took any action against any newspaper, editor or publisher".

ANOTHER 'RADIO STATION' UNEARTHED

Four Young Men Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

How extensively the tentacles of the illicit broadcasting racket in the City have spread is now evident from the third unauthorised "station" discovered by the Bombay C.I.D., within three weeks.

Picked officers of the Special Branch who are endeavouring to extirpate the radio rump root and branch, following orders from the Communications Ministry of the Government of India, feel that their task is not fully accomplished yet.

Last night in the course of a dramatic raid on Udhav Nivas, a building in an aristocratic residential locality at Chawpatty, the Police seized a powerful shortwave transmitter which at the time the police arrived was engaged in broadcasting commercial information to Kathiawar and Gujerat.

Four young men who were surprised by the Police while they were operating the apparatus were put under arrest.

Their names are:— Kantilal Lalchand; Jamnadas Chotalal; Natvarlal Kasturchand and Ratilal Lalshankar.

Roopa Kala Kendra

Roopa Kala Kendra, the new dance centre at Matunga, was inaugurated at the Khalsa College before a crowded gathering on Saturday by Nataraj Vashi.

Welcoming Mr. Vashi to open the new centre, Mr. Venkatrao Sista, the president, paid a tribute to Mr. Vashi for the work he has done for dance revival and for publicising the same in foreign countries.

Inaugurating the centre, Mr. Vashi said that Indian dance had a history of over 5,000 years, and that it had developed a classic technique through the ages from Mahenjo Daro civilisation. Wishing the Kendra a bright future, Mr. Vashi called upon the youths of the Kendra to use and preserve the imperishable legacy of the rich dance technique which was the glory of India.

After the inauguration, Karunakara Panikkar and Raghavan gave some demonstrations of Kathakali technique, which were followed by Kumari Sarojam, who interpreted some Bharat Natya compositions, in authentic style. The Kathakali dance of 'Bhootana' proved a big hit of the day.

APPLICATION FOR OBTAINING OIL

It has been decided to issue now K (H) cards (non-lighting) to persons combining less than five foodgrains units. Applications for obtaining oil on less than five foodgrains, units, should be submitted in 'N' form at the Ward Rationing Office concerned.

A person possessing two foodgrains units will get a K (H) card of one unit against which he will draw kerosene oil once in three months. A person holding three foodgrains units will be given a K (H) card of one unit against which he will get kerosene oil once in two months and a person who gets a K (H) card of one unit against four foodgrains units will be entitled to draw kerosene oil four times in five months.

DR. D. K. KARVE

Plan For Celebration Of 90th Birthday Of Women's University Founder

The Secretaries of Dr. Karve's 90th Birth-day Central Celebration Committee, Bombay write:

Dr. D. K. Karve, the founder of the Anath Balikashram at Hingne and of the S. N. D. Thackersey Indian Women's University, Bombay, reaches his 90th Birth-day on the 18th April 1948.

It is proposed to celebrate this happy occasion in a fitting manner. It is felt that nearly sixty years of self-less work by this pioneer worker in the cause of bettering the lot of Indian Women, and his exemplary and ceaseless labours every minute of those long years for their emancipation and improvement, deserve grateful recognition at the hands of all his country-men. The standard of a nation's civilisation is judged by the position of its women. The uplift of women's public and domestic status is, we can unhesitatingly say, as much a nation-building activity as any other now commonly so recognised. And we can safely assert that there is hardly a home in the Indian Union, which has not benefited by the new and changed outlook in women's position brought about by the ceaseless efforts of this Grand Old Man of India.

The 90th Birth-day celebration will take the form of an observance of a Karve Day on the 18th of April next. A Central Committee ahs been formed at Bombay to direct congratulatory meetings all over India, and make collections from the public to be called Dr. Karve's 90th Birt-hday Central Celebration Fund for offering gratefully a decent purse to this indefatigable worker.

We earnestly appeal to all rich or poor of all classes, creeds and religions to contribute liberally to this sacred cause.

No subscription is too small and would therefore be gratefully accepted by the Central Committee.

Rajaji Visits Puri

PURI, April 7 (UPI): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, the Governor of West Bengal, accompanied by his daughter, arrived in Puri today by the Puri Express, on a two-day visit. He was given an enthusiastic reception at the station.

Later, Mr. Rajagopalachari, accompanied by Premier Mahtab visited Lord Jagannath Temple, the Raghunandan Library and Gundicha Temple.

Rajaji is staying at the Government House, and he will leave for Calcutta tomorrow evening.

ALL-SAURASHTRA STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent)

The All-Saurashtra Students' Conference will be held on April 12 at Jamnagar. Mr. Balwantrai Mehta Deputy Premier, has been elected as President.

NEW DELHI April 6. (UPI): Talks between India and the United Kingdom for a final settlement of the sterling balances will be held in London in the first week of May. It is learnt in New Delhi. India's delegation which will consist of non-official members of the Dominion Parliament will be headed by the Finance Minister, Mr. Shanmukham Chetty.

MR. HARISH C. JAIN, Director of the National Advertising Service Limited.—a very successful firm of advertising agents handling advertising in India Burma, Ceylon, and Pakistan of leading American and Indian manufacturers—has enthusiastically entered the field of film publicity. He is streamlining a campaign for Liberty Art Distributors "ZANJEER." Mr. Jain aims at creating a new publicity pattern.

N. A. S. MAKES NEWS!

We are glad to learn that Messrs. National Advertising Service Ltd., of Bombay have undertaken the publicity of Liberty Art Distributors. It marks the departure from the drab nineteenth century publicity that has heretofore been meted out to Indian films. Majority of the persons, who occupy the publicist chairs are members of the old brigade who treat publicity more as routine than art. The selling potential of many a good picture has been weakened by ineffective and faulty advertising.

Since publicity is a specialized job it should be handled by specialists. We, therefore, congratulate Liberty Art Distributors for handing over their publicity to a concern which knows its job.

Mr. Harish Jain, its young and energetic director, has made the N.A.S. one of the most Modern and Streamlined Advertising Agencies in the Country. And we fully trust that he—with his able direction and originality—will create a new pattern for the film publicity of tomorrow, when he handles the publicity of Liberty Art Distributors for it is high time the producers opened their eyes to this neglected part of the Film Industry.

Re-Opening Of Assessments

Indian Merchants' Telegram To Finance Minister

BOMBAY, April 7

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have sent the following telegram to the Honourable Mr. R. K. Shanmukham Chetty Finance Minister, Government of India, in the course of which they say the 'Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber have examined the provisions of the Bill further to amend the Indian Income-Tax Act now before the Constituent Assembly seeking to amend among other things Sections 34 and 46 of the Act The Committee submit that having regard to the importance of the subject matter covered by the amending legislation, the same be circulated for eliciting public opinion.

The Committee in this connection would invite a reference to their communication dated 27th February addressed to the Income-tax Investigation Commission submitting that the provisions in the existing law relating to assessment of tax on escaped income was adequate and that there was no justification or need for changes on the lines indicated by the Commission in their memorandum. After tracing the history of the previous discussion on the subject, they had pointed out therein that the legislature after mature deliberation had decided that the scope of the powers vested in the Income-tax Officer under the Section for reopening of assessments should be so circumscribed as to protect the assessees against anything in the nature of an inquisition at the instance of the Department founded on mere suspicion rather than on positive material and that the ground for reopening should be definite and precise and the examination should be restricted to those grounds. In short the reopening of the assessments under Section 34 must be as a result of information about some fact or facts which were not present when the original assessment was made The Committee takes this opportunity of reiterating the above views and submit that the Bill in its present form so far as it relates to Sections 34 and 46 should not be proceeded with".

Government House News

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Rani Maharaj Singh accompanied by Lady Masani & Mrs A. Rowland-Jones visited the Refugee Camp & Maternity Home at Chembur, where she was received by Mr. M. T. Gulrajani Director of Evacuation and Mr. Punjabi Commandant of the Refuges Camp.

The Governor of Bombay received Sardar Raje R. R. Deshmukh and Mr. A A. A. Fyzee.

Rani Maharaj Singh was "At Home" to members of the St. John's Ambulance Brigade and Nurses in the grounds of Government House.

Later Rani Maharaj Singh accompanied by Mrs. A. Rowland-Jones attended the Y. W. C. A. Dance at Green's Hotel, where she was received by Mrs. Burns-Iawson, Mrs. Shahla Wilson, Mrs. Jacob and Mrs. C. F. Lynn.

LONDON, April 6 (UPI): The American Office of Information may be re-established in Australia according to officials of the United Nations Embassy in Canberra. It is understood that this will follow the appropriation of 40,000,000 dollars to the State Department for the world publicity by the U.S.A.

DALAL WELCOMES GOVT'S STATEMENT ON INDUSTRIAL POLICY

National Planning Commission Personnel Must Consist Of Men Of Highest Calibre, He Says

BOMBAY, April 7 (API).—"The Government of India's statement on Industrial policy should dispel the exaggerated apprehensions entertained by many and provide a measure of re-assurance to investors. It must be regarded as satisfactory from that point of view", said Sir Ardeshir Dalal, former Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, in a statement today.

Welcoming the proposal to set up a National Planning Commission, Sir Ardeshir said its personnel should consist of men of the highest calibre commanding the respect and confidence of the country.

ROLE OF IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRY

"I am glad", he added, "that Government have recognised the primary need of expanding production as well as the limitation of the mechanism and resources of the State for the running of industries. I do not agree with the classification of the Iron and Steel Industry in the list of industries of which all new units are to be state-minded. I do not consider an industry like Steel to be capable of satisfactory management through a public corporation. Although the Government have obviously provided the period of ten years after which the question of the position of the existing privately-owned units of the industry is to be reviewed as a measure of assurance to such units, its consequence may well be to check long-term plans of expansion. In the Tata Iron and Steel Company, we have had under consideration, plans of expansion running well over Rs. 25 crores. Such schemes require many years and a very heavy expenditure to be put into execution and a number of years thereafter for the investment on them to be repaid In spite of the assurance of fair and equitable compensation in the event of acquisition by the State, industrialists will have to think twice before embarking on such long-term expansion and capital will be shy in coming forth for the purpose. After all, no Government can bind its successors in matters of policy and it would be far better for the present Government, therefore, to omit all reference to a period after which the position of existing units in the industry will be reconsidered".

Sir Ardeshir said certainty and definiteness were what industrialists most desired in risking their capital, and such statements, therefore, as the "State will also progressively participate in this field; nor will it hesitate to intervene whenever the progress of an industry under private enterprise is unsatisfactory" immediately following the statement "the rest of the industrial field will be normally open to private enterprise required either to be withdrawn or to be fully clarified.

Referring to the statement that the important basic industries are to be taken over by the Centre for planning and regulation, Sir Ardeshir expressed the hope that it would be possible to do so without friction with the provincial Governments.

"COMPLEX MACHINERY"

Concluding he said: "Whether the statement achieves the object underlying it will depend mainly upon the future adjustment of Labour-Capital relations and the functioning of the machinery to consider the fair remuneration of both Labour and Capital and the sharing of the product of their common effort. It is most important that representative of Industry as well as Labour should be associated at every stage with the functioning of this machinery which as envisaged by the statement appears to me to be very complex The main principles should be laid down by the Central Advisory Council the implementation of such principles and the working out of further details being left to the provincial and local bodies on the fairness with which the principles of distribution of the product of industry are formulated by the Council and accepted by Government and the way in which the decisions are implemented not only by Capital but also by Labour will depend the future progress of industry and the expansion of its output"

Socialists On Nehru's Deal For I.N.A. Men

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Socialist Party has given its careful consideration to the Statement in Parliament of Pandit Nehru regarding the I.N.A. personnel.

The Socialist Party is constructed to point out that in connection with one fundamental issue the Government policy does no justice to the I.N.A. men who prior to their forming the I.N.A. were in the Indian army. The Prime Minister stated that on practical considerations I.N.A. men would not be reinstated in the army and he went on to emphasise that the considerations were not political. The practical considerations according to the Prime Minister are that these men have been out of the army for many years and there has been a long break in their service: that they have got out of touch with the army and therefore any attempt to reinstate them would lead to many complications both practical and psychological.

The Socialist Party would like to point out that according to this logic these men who preferred to remain as prisoners of war in the hands of the Japanese or the Germans would equally be out of touch with the army; yet we find that these men have been automatically taken back into the army and have been given promotion as if there has been no break in their service. The Socialist Party regrets to find that the policy of Government seeks to discriminate against those who staked their lives by joining the I.N.A. in order to fight for the freedom of this country. One could have understood the British Government pursuing such a policy, but it is difficult to understand or appreciate such a policy when adopted by the National Government. The Socialist Party desires to see justice done to these men and earnestly requests the Government to reconsier this question and remove this stigma against the I.N.A.

The Prime Minister stated that the Government are anxious to afford Ex-I.N.A. personnel opportunities of service. He stated that it would be open to them to join the Home Guards State forces armed constabulary the Police and like services. In practice however, for some enturely unknown reason. the Ex-I.N.A. personnel does not find favour with the provincial Governments, and the opportunities for services in those fields remain utterly elusive. The Prime Minister would go into the matter and see to it that these opportunities are not in fact denied to these brave men.

M. P. PATIL FOR BELGAUM

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, will leave Bombay for a tour in the Belgaum district on Friday April 9 and return on Tuesday morning (April 13.)

NEW DELHI, April 6 (API): With a view to strengthen the ties of friendship that have always existed between India and Brazil, the Governments of India and Brazil have decided to excharge diplomatic mission at the legation level, says a Communique.

Wonderful Predictions

Send your birth particulars or time of writing. One year Reading costs Re. 1. Whole life Reading Rs. 10 (with advance) Testimonials from whole world.

GREAT INDIAN ASTHOLOGICAL HALL
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END GREY HAIR

Not by hair-dye Our harmless KESH KALYAN Ayurvedic (scented) Oil restores the grey hair to its natural black colour permbanently, and stops turning grey. If no faith take a guarantee of returning double price Price Rs. 2/8 for a few grey hairs Rs 3/8 for more than it and Rs 5 for about all
KESH RANJAN AUSHADHALAYA
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famous WILLIAMS
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• Shaving Stick

American favourites now becoming available at all the best shops

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SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT
THE SAFEST REPOSITORY FOR JEWELLERY, VALUABLES AND IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS.
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Available in the Bank's air conditioned vault in Apollo Street and also at its Dadar Branch

Lalitha costarring with
BEGUM PARA
in
ZANJEER

BEGUM PARA

BALWANT SINGH

K. N. SINGH

The best entertainer built around a sensational theme (Capital-labour problem) of to-day set with heart stirring romance, magnificent dances and melodious music.

Directed by: KISHORE SHARMA
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GALA PREMIERE TOMORROW
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KRISHNA
at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Plans open: 10—12 and 4—6 p.m.

JAI HIND (Byculla) At 3-45, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
KASTURBA (Malad) AT 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 7, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st April 1948 and departures from normal record at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on 7th April 1948 :— Ahmedabad 101 76 0 0 0, Ahmednagar 100 72 0 0.1 0, Bangalore 95 73 0 0.1 0, Baroda 012 69 0 0 —, Belgaum 97 63 0 0.2 0, Bhuj 97 72 0 0 0, BOMBAY 90 76 0 0 0, Calcutta 95 75 0 0 minus 0.2, Karachi 97, 66 0— Mahableshwar 90 69 0 0 minus 0.1, Mangalore 91 82 (0.1 0, Marmagao— 76 0 0 0 Poona 101 65 0 0 minus 0.1, Rajkot 101 68 0 0, Sholapur 105 73 0 0, Simla 61 49 0 1.7 plus 1.2, Srinagar nil, Surat 100 72 0 0 0

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, April 7, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Wednesday, the 7th April 1948 :—

A fresh western disturbance is affecting north Baluchistan.

Thundershowers have been local in West Bengal and occured at a few sations in Assam, Chota Nagpur and Orissa.

Day temperatures have fallen slightly in the United Provinces and the central parts of the country.

FORECAST UNTIL 8TH EVENING :— Thundershowers may occur locally in Assam and at few stations in the Eastern Pakistan and West Bengal and adjoining districts of Orissa and Chota Nagpur. A few thunderstorms may also occur in North-East Baluchistan, southern parts of the North-West Frontier Province and in the North-West Punjab.

Day temperatures may fall slightly in the south central provinces and North Hyderabad.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

When a man wants to murder a tiger he calls it sport; when the tiger wants to murder him he calls it ferocity.

—G. B. Shaw

The Bombay Chronicle

INDUSTRIAL BLUE PRINT

The eagerly awaited statement on the industrial policy of Government has now been presented to Parliament. In recent months there had been a good deal of criticism, mainly by industrialists, regarding what they termed the "uncertainty" of the policy of Government in this matter. This criticism was based on the apprehension of the industrial community that the Government might launch on an indiscriminate policy of rapid nationalisation of industry, either because of its ideological commitments or to appease popular clamour from the Left. The policy statement now presented to Parliament proves once again—if proof were needed—that the first free Government of India led by Pandit Nehru can take decisions which are at once fair, practical and courageous. Consider the situation as it exists. India is still backward in the matter of industrialisation. There are many technical difficulties such as the want of plant and machinery, the shortage of exchange resources to buy them abroad and the shortage of technical personnel. These cannot be remedied except by the joint resources of both the Government and private enterprise. Besides the managerial talent now running industries on a profit basis may neither be suitable for the purpose of running state managed industry, nor may it be willing to undertake that task. The Government of India now propose to take "steps to create a body of men trained in business methods and management".

All these considerations would lead to one inevitable conclusion. To launch on a policy of rapid nationalisation, in the face of the present conditions in, and need of, the country and perhaps also in the face of the opposition of the industrialists, would have been a gamble. The country cannot risk such a gamble. The need of the hour is increased production. As the Government resolution aptly points out "a mere redistribution of existing wealth would make no essential difference to the people and would merely mean the distribution of poverty. What the industries Minister has aptly described as a dynamic national policy must, therefore, be directed to a continuous increase in production by all possible means, side by side with measures to secure its equitable distribution" It is this supreme need for increased production that has led Government to follow the wise adage "hasten slowly", in the matter of nationalisation. Nationalisation is not discarded. It cannot be discarded. It is not merely that Congress by its Karachi resolution is pledged to a policy of nationalisation of key industries; nationalisation is inevitable in terms of world economic trends. But it is not to be made a fetish of. There is such a thing as degrees in nationalisation. It is possible to avoid, on the one hand, the evils of uncontrolled, predatory capitalism and on the other, the dangers in a State where democracy is not yet fully developed of totalitarianism in which every walk of life is strictly regimented and private enterprise wholly sacrificed to State. As we remarked on an earlier occasion Indian economic policy "can be based on a judicious and practical mixture of nationalisation and private enterprise".

The Government's industrial policy as now enunciated meets these dual needs—The immediate need of stepping up production and the permanent need to have a middle-of-the-road economic policy. Government will be the sole owner of certain industries which are essential to national security. In a second group of industries, not so immediately necessary but sufficiently vital for national needs, the existing units will be allowed to operate and even to expand for ten years. That is a fairly long lease of life during which these units could be conducted in such a manner as to justify their continued existence—and let it be emphasised that they have been promised all assistance by Government in that direction— as private owned interests. It is thus entirely in their power to show that such continuance will be in national interests. Over the rest of the industrial field there will be free competition between State owned and private owned enterprises. But there will be no anarchy Every industry will be subjected to State regulation with regard to the share of earnings and profits for Capital and Labour as well as in matters concerning the consumer and the general public. If the Government policy is thus a promise of industrial regeneration of the country it is also the guarantee of a fair and equitable deal to both Capital and Labour. There is also the very fundamental departure in policy that the management of State enterprise will not be through red-tape ridden departmental machinery, but will be in the hands of public corporations under the statutory control of the Central Government. The blueprint of industrial policy thus enunciated is so unexceptionably and so admirably suited to the needs of the country that Parliament accepted the Government's declaration of policy amidst applause. And now for its implementation!

Frankly Speaking

Welcome Assurance

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, did well to explain the stand of the Government of India in regard to the Communists and the action that is being taken against them in various parts of the country. This action was being made to appear as if the Central and Provincial Governments were departing from their pledge to safeguard civil liberties, which naturally include the right to criticise, oppose and even defeat and remove the Government by democratic and constitutional means. Pandit Nehru has now repeated that Government did not propose to take away this right. At the same time he made it clear that no Government could watch a section of the people conspiring to overthrow it by violent means without doing anything about it. He also stated that the West Bengal Government, which has taken the extreme step of banning the Communist Party had collected evidence regarding the subversive activities of the party, which had even endangered India's Security services. The people of India are in full accord with the ambition of Government to build up a strong and stable India and will neither support nor tolerate any action designed to thwart and subvert this plan even though they may have their sympathies with certain items of the policy and programme of the communists. We welcome and commend the assurance of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru that Communism and Communists are free to function organisationally and otherwise provided they do not preach, plan or promote violence and chaos.

Ex-Emperor Fails

There had been suggestions, endorsed more or less even by a British paper, the "Manchester Guardian" that the bona fides of the ex-Emperor Bao Dai in his efforts to bring about a peaceful settlement in Indo-China were open to question. This was not an unfounded charge. Bo Dai's activities have been distinguished to a great extent by a tendency to ignore the Viet Nam nationalist movement and, of course, to second French manoeuvres to split the country. His intervention was doomed to failure because the people were and are united over at least one thing: They want freedom from French Imperialism and have no intention of bartering it for any price much less the price of Bao Dai's installation as a puppet leader. But the significant point is that even Bao Dai has now been forced to wash his hands off the whole affair. He has had to confess himself disillusioned and disgusted with French policy, which is designed to preserve the Imperialist domination of France over Indo-China in the name of freedom for it. But Bao Dai's latest reaction ought to be a lesson to the French, if they have any sense at least of realism.

Tension Eased

A stage had reached in the nerve war over Berlin where a sudden relaxation of the tension or a burst up had become the inevitable alternatives. This was especially so after the accident the other day to a British air liner. The parties appear to have preferred the former alternative. Regret has been expressed by the Russians for the air tragedy What is even more important is that Russian authorities have initiated discussions on the question of control over travel from the Western zones of Germany to Berlin, a decision which touched off the Berlin crisis. On the other side there is the British dinner the other evening, which was attended by Marshal Sokolovsky and his Deputy. Then there is the intervention by Field Marshal Montgomery, who has professed himself full of the spirit of peace, friendship and optimism.

The Main Question

The contestants appear as if they have paused in midstride with the sudden realisation of being on the edge of a precipice. If that is so, leaders of goodwill can take advantage of the situation to come to some settlement not only on the Berlin trouble but on wider issues too of Big Power relationship.

But the main question is: are the Big Power leaders blessed or are they likely to become blessed with that spirit of goodwill the first demand of which is to acknowledge, instead of denying, one's own responsibility for, and contributions to, the creation of the phenomenon of Allies turning within two years to open rivals and potential enemies? If that goodwill is not cultivated, war is difficult to avoid. Meanwhile, the air liner tragedy emphasises the dangers of tension to peace. Mr. Bevin declared in the Commons that he had no reasons to think that the Russian fighter which brought about the tragedy was acting under the instructions or knowledge of responsible Soviet authorities. What opportunities of precipitating a supreme crisis does nor a situation of uneasy equilibrium offer to irresponsible and over-enthusiastic individuals?

GERMAN FREEDOM AT STAKE

BRITISH MILITARY GOVERNOR APPEALS FOR NATIONAL UNITY

DUESSELDORF, April 7 (Reuter): General Sir Brian Robertson, British Military Governor in Germany, warned Germans today against attempts to rob them of their freedom, in a speech which was generally regarded as the prelude to vital decisions on the country's future Government.

Way To United Germany

Responsible allied officials in Frankfurt, "capital of Bizonia", believed that these would centre on the crucial date of April 10 when General Lucius Clay, the American Military Governor, is to re-convene the allied Control Council for the first time since the Soviet walk-out.

Declaring that the "iron curtain" splitting Germany must be accepted "for the time being", the General said that Germans must be content with the unity of two-thirds of their country. "The complete unity of Germany will only be possible when the real will of all the people can be freely expressed", he said. "That day will come, but it is not yet".

Gen. Robertson addressing the Landtag (Provincial Parliament) on North Rhine-Qestphalia, the British zone Province which includes the Ruhr.

The Prime Ministers of all the Provinces in the British Zone were attending the session.

WAY FOR RESTORATION

"The primary objective of the Bizonal Administration in Frankfurt is to restore the economy of Western Germany so that it can play its full part in European recovery", Sir Brian said. "But its ultimate objective is to lay a foundation on which German unity can be restored.

"By unity I mean real unity with an independent freely elected and representative Government.

"A great number of the politicians of the Eastern Zone talk about unity —but that, Gentlemen, is not true unity. It is unity with the Czechs and other peoples of Eastern Europe in a common bondage, deprived of all freedom of thought and action.

"What the people of Germany want is real unity which will ensure them and their children the elementary freedoms which President Roosevelt described—freedom of speech, freedom of religion, freedom from want and freedom from fear".

PLANS TO STEP UP FOOD PRODUCTION IN INDIA

Agricultural Experts Meet In Four-Day Conference In Madras

MADRAS, April 7. (A.P.I.): A call to the agricultural experts of the country to evolve schemes for stepping up food production so that they could be implemented by the Central, Provincial and State Governments was made by Sir Datar Singh, Chairman of the Indian Board of Agriculture, addressing the seventh conference of the All-India Crops and Soils Wing of the Board of Agricultural and Animal Husbandry at the Rajaji Hall to-day.

Mr. O. P. Ramaswamy Reddiar, Premier of Madras, inaugurated the conference which, during its four-day session, is expected to consider long-term and short term measures to maximise India's food production, particularly of cereals.

After the Premier's inaugural address, the conference divided itself into seven technical committees, each one of which will consider important subjects like:

(a) Fixation of food production targets for each administrative unit in the country.

(b) Measures to be adopted to increase the fodder production.

(c) Review of comparative merits of different methods of improved farming practised in the country such as co-operative farming, collective farming, consolidated farming, joint management, consolidation of holdings with particular reference to the yield of crops and economic conditions of cultivators.

(d) Review of works done on the maintenance of soil fertility in India with suggestions for future lines of work with particular reference to the effect of soil fertility on the quality of crop production, and

(e) cereal rusts and their control.

About 150 agricultural experts from the various Provinces and States of the Indian Union, including Dr. Taylor of the American Embassy, have assembled here to take part in the four-day deliberations.

This is the first time the "Wing" is meeting in Madras.

At the outset, the conference passed [illegible] death of Mahatma Gandhi.

The plenary session will be held on April 10.

U. Saw's Wife Denies Press Reports

RANGOON, April 7 (Reuter): The wife of U. Saw, who is to appeal to the Supreme Court soon against his death sentence for his part in the assassination of former Premier U. Aung San, today denied reports that arsenic has been found in her husband's watch.

She said in the course of a letter to the press that the accounts which appeared in a section of the press regarding the finding of arsenic in U. Saw's wrist watch is entirely without foundation.

DACCA, April 7. (A.P.I.): The East Bengal State Acquisition and Tenancy Bill, a Government measure sponsored by the Finance Minister, which seeks to abolish the Zemindary system and provides for the acquisition of all rent-receiving interests by the Government, has been published.

Sequel To Air Crash At Gatow

RUSSIA GIVES ASSURANCE OF IMMUNITY FROM MOLESTATION

Britain's Strong Protest Tells: Bevin Pressing For Early Enquiry

LONDON, April 6. (Reuter): Gen. Sir Brian Robertson, Military Governor of the British Zone of Germany, has asked Marshal Vassily Sokolovsky, the Soviet Commander-in-Chief, for an immediate assurance that he condemns as strongly as Gen. Robertson the fact that the Soviet aircraft which crashed into a British air liner over Berlin yesterday was being flown without prior notification and "in a manner to cause the catastrophe".

Announcing this in the House of Commons to-day Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin declared that Gen. Robertson had also demanded a positive assurance that British aircraft using the safety corridor to Berlin would be immune from molestation "in accordance with our mutual agreement."

Marshal Sokolovsky gave the assurance for which Gen. Robertson had asked. A written reply to Gen. Robertson's communication is awaited."

"I have no information to suggest that the conduct of the Soviet aircraft was in any way the result of direct instructions from the Soviet authorities", Mr. Bevin declared. He was pressing for an inquiry as soon as possible.

BERLIN, April 6. (Reuter): Field-Marshal Viscount Montgomery flew in, unescorted, to Berlin's Gatow airport to-day—the scene of yesterday's Soviet-British mid-air collision—to meet Marshal Sokolovsky, Soviet Commander in Germany, as Mr. Arthur Henderson, British Air Minister, declared here that he did not think British security was menaced by the Russians.

"If there is a threat, or when there is a threat, we will deal with it", he added.

To-day Lord Montgomery toured the British sector of Berlin, inspecting troops.

Soviet Army Man Cross Into U. S. Zone

WIESBADEN, April 5. (Reuter): Two Soviet officers and 13 soldiers with radio equipment crossed the frontier into the American occupation zone last Wednesday, the Home Ministry of Hesse announced to-day. The incident occurred near Herleshausen Werra, and the group withdrew after intervention by the Hessian frontier police, the announcement said.

On the same day, a lorry with six Soviet soldiers drove into the American zone near Weimannshausen and remained there for half an hour it added.

Russians And Western Powers

BERLIN, April 6. (I.P.A.): Prospects of a "truce" between the Russians and the Western Powers are showing signs to reach a compromise solution of the present dispute, the "battle of Berlin", here, cables Indian Press Association diplomatic correspondent. The Russians are not yet prepared to go to the extreme lengths to force the Western Powers out of the German capital. But political observers expect further pinpricks from the Russians. It is understood that in all manoeuvring, Kremlin is at present feeling its way in putting an end to the dispute.

Field Marshall Montgomery and Marshal Sovolovsky are meeting tonight at a dinner party in honour of the former, Sir Brian Robertson, Gen. Lucius D. Clay and Gen. Koeing are expected to attend the dinner.

GRADY FOR NEPAL

RAXAUL, April 7, (U.P.I.): Dr. Henry Grady, American Ambassador in India, is arriving at Katamandu, capital of Nepal, on April 23 when he will present his credentials before the Government of Nepal as American Ambassador appointed in Nepal. Dr. Grady will function as U.S.A. Ambassador in Nepal from Delhi

A grand reception is being arranged on his arrival in Nepal.

WASHINGTON, April 7, (U.P.A.): The Administration is considering a dol. 1,000,000,000 "Little Marshall Plan" for economic recovery in the Far East, informed quarters said today

"JALABALA" AT HAMBURG

HAMBURG, April 6. (Reuter): The first Indian ocean-going ship to visit Germany arrived in Hamburg last night.

It is the 4,000-ton "Jalabala" of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company of Bombay.

Jute and mineral oils which the ship carried were unloaded in Antwerp. The rest of the freight consisting of 1,500 tons of manganese, destined for Czechoslovakia, were unloaded in Hamburg to-day.

Health Minister's Bombay Programme

BOMBAY, April 7.

The Hon'ble Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, Government of India is arriving in Bombay from New Delhi by air on April 10.

Her public engagements in Bombay will include a lecture under the auspices of the Bombay Branch Central Committee of the All-India Women's Conference at 5 p.m. on April 10 at Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road. The subject of the lecture will be "Loyalties in a Free India". The Health Minister is also expected to inaugurate the Women's Section of the Co-operative Conference at the Council Hall.

LONDON, April 6 (Reuter): Next year's Ryder Cup golf match between professionals of great Britain and the United States will take place on the Ganton Club's course near Scarborough, Yorkshire, and the dates will be announced as early as possible.

Three Years Of Victory Has Not Brought Peace

But "Universal Freedom Of The Spirit Will Once More Lead To Happy Future," Says Dr. Benes

PRAGUE, April 7. (Reuter): President Edward Benes of Czechoslovakia, making his first public speech since the communists came to power in February, said today that "God willing, universal freedom of the spirit will once more lead to a happy prosperity and a happy future".

Dr. Benes was speaking at the 600th anniversary celebrations of the Charles University in Prague.

His audience had gathered under the ancient Gothic arches of Vladislav Hall in the Hradcin Castle. Representatives from Britain, the United States, Holland, Denmark and Norway were absent from the ceremony.

"In order that the natural human longing coupled with the freedom of faith, conscience, thought and creed, be satisfied, it is necessary that thorough spiritual freedom be cultivated and realised. That freedom is a pre-requisite of any spiritual life and spiritual work in general". Dr. Benes said.

"This freedom, which is based on man's respect for man and on general tolerance, of which by its tradition our university has always been the seat, will with God's will, again in peace bring the Charles University and all of us to a happy future"

"Three years after the most horrible war in the history of mankind there is no peace between nations and States, peace which we are all longing and sincerely craving for".

Dr. Benes concluded by handing to the Rector the renewed Charter of the University and said. "As President of the Czechoslovak Republic, today I renew the Foundation Charter of the Charles University which was removed by the Germans during the war and I entrust it to you for permanent keeping".

Indian Proposal Adopted

Unofficial Press Organisations For Freedom Of Information

GENEVA, April 7 (Reuter): The main Committee of the United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information today adopted an Indian proposal advocating the establishment in each country of unofficial press organisations to encourage the observation of high standards of professional honour.

The proposal was inserted in the British draft convention on Freedom of Information, designed to ban Government interference with the flow of news, introduced to the Conference yesterday by Mr. Ernest Davies, Member of Parliament, the British delegate.

These organisations, the proposal said, would be responsible for compelling all engaged in the dissemination of information to report facts without prejudice, making comments without malicious intent, help to maintain international peace and counteract the spreading of false or distorted reports

Another Committee of the Conference adopted a resolution permitting Governments to help undeveloped national news agencies to an independent status.

The resolution, originally submitted by the Indian Delegation, was amended by the British and French delegations.

It also provided that the development of national news agencies should not be prejudiced by foreign news agencies employing "unfair or abnormal means".

GOVT. INTERFERENCE WITH FLOW OF NEWS

Freedom Of Information Conference Adopts British Proposal

GENEVA, April 7 (Reuter)—The United Nations Freedom of Information Conference last night adopted the first article of the British draft convention, designed to ban Government interference with the flow of news.

Moved by Mr. Ernest Davies, the British delegate, the five point article provides: first, freedom to give and receive information and opinions without Government interference.

Second, Non-discrimination against individuals by states through regulations or control of communications.

Third Freedom to transmit information and opinions within territories and across frontiers without Government interference.

Fourth, Each contracting state to grant other states the same freedom to seek information as it grants its own nationals.

Fifth, Encouragement and facilitation of interchange of correspondents.

A Soviet amendment to delete the words "without Government interference" and substitute "in accordance with the laws of the [illegible] was defeated.

PAKISTAN'S PROPOSAL DEFEATED

Against British opposition, an Indo-Pakistan clause giving states the right to help their national news enterprises until they were fully developed was inserted in the draft of the convention. The voting was fourteen to ten with nine abstentions.

Another Indian proposal to prevent "cartelisation in regard to information" was also adopted.

Pakistan delegate Mr. S. A. Jawad secured the defeat of an additional clause giving states the right to regulate dissemination of information calculated to affect their peace and security.

"There are 45,000,000 Pakistan nationals still in India whose condition leaves much to be desired", he said.

"Pakistan is very anxious that all that happens in India to these Muslims should be made known without hindrance to the outside world through the foreign press agencies.

Geneva Conference Approves American Resolution

GENEVA, April 5, (Reuter): An American resolution guaranteeing "freedom of thought and expression" was adopted by the United Nations Freedom of Information conference today by 30 votes to five.

Soviet amendments demanding sanctions against warmongers were rejected.

Adoption of the complete American draft marked the first big step forward in the conference.

Guaranteeing "widest access to sources of news, the resolution declared: "The press and other agencies of information are morally obliged to seek the truth and report the facts. This obligation can be advanced through the journalists themselves.

"The duties of those engaged in disseminating news are to report facts without prejudice, make comments without lamicious intent promote respect for human rights help maintain peace and security and counteract the spreading of false reports." (This point was inserted by the Indian delegation.)

A Soviet amendment proposing that the resolution should not give any justification for interference with the domestic jurisdiction of any state was rejected.

16 Nations' Foreign Ministers To Meet Again

PARIS, April 7. (Reuter): A fresh meeting of the foreign ministers of the sixteen nations participating in the European Recovery Plan will take place "in the near future", a French office spokesman told Reuter to-day.

From Mahatma

The winter of despair can only be turned into the sunshine of hope for the millions only through the life-giving wheel the charkha.

Its message is one of simplicity, service of mankind, living so as not to hurt others creating an indissoluble bond between the rich and the poor capital and labour, the prince and the peasant.

The greatest of my activities is the charkha. I hold it to be the best part of my service-social, political and spiritual. For, it includes these branches of service My invitation to all to spin if only for half an hour daily for the sake of the starving millions of this land, makes the movement at once both political and spiritual. He who spins before the poor inviting them to do likewise, serves God as no one else does.

REVERSES FOR NANKING TROOPS

Yellow River Rail Centre Lost To Communists

NANKING, April 7. (Reuter): Chinese Government troops have withdrawn from Loyang, the important railway centre for the Yellow River area, Teng Wen-Yi, Government military spokesman, said here to-day.

He said the city, which has changed hands twice within the past fortnight, was "no longer of strategic importance to the Government's new plan".

When the city was recaptured by Government soldiers on March 18, large groups of reinforcements having been used, the city was claimed "to be the key to the central China situation." The military spokesman said to-day the Government's present policy was mainly directed against the suppression of Communists below the Yellow River.

"This takes priority over Manchuria", he said, adding that the Government was determined to frustrate Communist attempts to establish bases in central China.

Government troops were said to be in a "a bad way" in the Nhanglo and Weishsien districts in central Shantung province where the garrison troops had withdrawn into the respective cities and were trying to hold out until reinforcements arrived.

The battle for the Government citadel of Linfen in south Shansi province entered its second month to-day.

The Chinese Government army commander in north China, General Fu Tso-Yi, escaped when his plane caught fire and exploded after an emergency landing about midway between Peiping and Tsining, east Suiyan, on Monday, pro-Government reports received here to-day disclosed.

SOCIALISTS OPPOSED TO TOTALITARIANISM

Narendra Dev Refutes U.P. Premier's Allegations

LUCKNOW, April 7, (UPI): "We are opposed to totalitarianism and we definitely stand for democratic socialism," asserted Acharya Narendra Dev, the Socialist leader, at a press conference here yesterday afternoon when he refuted the allegations made by Premier G. B. Pant while inaugurating the Congress election campaign in Lucknow that both the Socialist and Communists stand for totalitarianism. He dealt with all arguments against the Socialist Party and added that the Socialist had better appreciation of the national emergency as evidenced from their deferring decision to quit the Congress but when the A. I. C. C. banged the door against them, no self-respecting Socialists could stay in the Congress.

Referring to the suggestion that the Socialists like Communists would wither away, Acharyaji said: "If our ideas are social ideas, we are bound to flourish." He detailed the salient features of the policy and programme of his Party and 'interalia' emphasised the "the reconditioning the mind of the police and the army and establishment of an economic council in the country.

UNESCO Board Deadlock Resolved

Programme Of Surveys And Experiments In Germany And Japan

LONDON, April 7. (UPI): On the basis of proposals submitted by the Drafting Committee of three members including the Indian member, Mr. P. N. Kirpal, deputy of Sir Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan, the UNESCO Executive Board has unanimously passed a resolution approving limited programme of surveys and experiments in Germany and Japan to be undertaken under the close supervision of a specially enlarge Programme Committee presided over by Prof Radhakrishnan

This resolution has successfully resolved the deadlock in the UNESCO Executive Board on the question of the organisation's proposed activities in Germany which had threatened a split in UNESCO in political blocks.

It is learnt that the board will submit report for future activities in Germany and Japan to the 3rd General Conference to be held in Beirut next October.

Although the U.S.A. member on the board has agreed to this compromise resolution defining UNESCO's programme in Germany, proposals for a similar development in Japan have so far been held up as General MacArthur's headquarters have failed to react to UNESCO's approaches and shown little willingness to co-operate with the organisation.

Economic Freedom To Benefit Every Indian

MOOKHERJI ON AIMS OF INDUSTRIAL POLICY

Proposal To Set Up Machinery To Advise On Fair Wages

NEW DELHI, April 7. (A. P. I.): The Dominion Parliament today debated the Industry and supply Minister, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherji's motion for consideration of the industrial policy of the Government of India.

Commending the policy to the acceptance of the House, Dr. Mookherji said that the statement was not spectacular in character.

Govt. had to put it in a definite way as far as they could, but nothing could be said to be final in this regard. It was not intended that whatever was set out in the policy Government would stick to at any cost. They had only indicated the broad lines of policy. But nonetheless, the policy they had put forward was one which is given effect to with the full co-operation of all interests concerned, would usher in a new era of peace and progress and economic freedom which would benefit everyone in this country.

IMMEDIATE PROBLEM

Indicating that Government would bring in the necessary legislation to give effect to the policy, Dr. Mookherjee hoped that this would not only help to harness all available energies, but would also succeed in removing uncertainties and misgivings particularly in regard to private enterprise and also in respect of the position of Capital and Labour. Their immediate problem would be to see that production reached its maximum capacity in accordance with the present potentialities of the industry. It was a matter of deep regret that for some reason or other the country was not producing all that it could and if some of the bottle-necks could be removed in the course of a year or so, it was possible to increase the country's production by nearly 20 to 30 per cent.

LABOUR AND PROFITS

Dr. Mookerjee dealt at length with the various aspects of the policy. Referring to Labour's share in profits, he said that such a share would naturally be on a sliding scale and aligned to production. If Labour recognised that it would have an increasing share in the profits of a concern which would depend on the total production, it would act as an incentive to produce more. It was proposed to set up a machinery to advise Government on fair wages and fair remuneration for capital. In this Government would consult representatives of industry and Labour and would try to come, if possible, to an agreed solution and, if not, Government would have to decide the matter which would bind all the parties concerned.

Emphasising the importance of increased production, Dr. Mookherjee said that they should also ensure that the benefits of increased production went to the common man and did not lead to the accumulation of wealth in the hands of a few or created monopolises.

"MIXED ECONOMY"

The statement which he had placed before the House was based on "mixed economy." The role of the State and private enterprise had been set out. The industries had been divided roughly into four parts. The first related to industrial activities which would be completely a State monopoly. These included railways, posts and letelgraphs certain industries relating to defence and atomic energy. Then the next class of industries were those whose future development wold be controlled and owned by the State. These included coal, iron and steel, aircraft manufacture, shipbuilding, manufacture of telephones and mineral oils.

GESTURE TO INDUSTRIALISTS

Dr. Mookherjee said that it was not the intention of the State to take over the existing units of these industries. However, in the event of a national emergency or necessity, it was open to the State to seek the co-operation of private enterprise for the development of these industries subject to such control and regulation which Government might prescribe. Without prejudice to the inherent right of the State to acquire any of the existing such industrial undertakings, it had been stated that Government did not propose to interfere with the existing units for ten years. He hoped that representatives of the industry, some of whom were "extremely powerful in this land", would reciprocate the gesture of the Government which was was made entirely in national interest if it appeared that any of these industries was not being run in accordance with the plan and policy of the Government, then none would blame the Government if they thought it fit to acquire such industries. But again he would emphasise that Government had no desire to interfere with the existing industries provided the policy was given effect to and there was mutual co-operation. And if they decided to acquire any of the industries, it would be in accordance with the principle laid down in the constitution and an equitable compensation would be paid.

THOSE BIG PROJECTS

Dr. Mookerjee asked the House to examine some of the big projects which Government had in hand now for execution and what they proposed to do during the next few years. Apart from the proposed expansion of transport and communications there was the problem of reorganising all the ordnance factories which were entirely under the control of the State and the development of certain industries which had a vital bearing on defence. The aircraft factory at Bangalore had to be developed. Government had taken upon themselves the responsibility to put through multipurpose river projects which were of very great importance and would lead to rapid industrial progress which would otherwise remain paper schemes. Government had a scheme for the establishment of two steel factories and inquiries were being made for the manufacture of synthetic oil which if successful would be of a clossal character. Dr. Mookerjee also enumerated certain other schemes on hand such as the fertiliser factories, manufacture of telephones, machine tools, penecillin and sulpha drugs.

Referring to the eighteen industries enumerated in the policy statement, which would be subjected to central regulation and control, Dr. Mookerjee said that it was open to private enterprise to play its part in that sphere.

FOURTH CATEGORY

Then there was the fourth category of industries not mentioned in the statement. There again it was not intended that Government would have no say in them, but private enterprise would be given encouragement subject to the general policy of the State.

The Industry Minister explained that it was Government's intention to set up Statutory Corporations whose business it would be to manage particular industries for which they were set up. It would not be fair to the State to suggest that it would claim for itself the privileges and facilities which would be denied to ordinary industries which were controlled by private enterprise.

CAPITAL-LABOUR RELATIONS

After dealing with the principles in regard to the utilisation of raw materials and the policy in regard to the development of cottage and small-scale industries, Dr. Mookherjee went on to explain the question of relationship between Capital and Labour. It was regrettable that things were not moving satisfactorily in this sphere. Sometimes blame had been cast entirely on Labour and sometimes on employers. Obviously if there was lack of co-operation between Capital and Labour, whatever policy Government might enunciate, it would not lead to anything solid or substantial. The matter was discussed in all its aspects at the Industries Conference held in Delhi in which were represented all the interests. He considered the agreement arrived at at the conference as a phenomenon, but by merely passing a resolution they could not achieve miracles. So far as Government were concerned, they had accepted the principle of fair remuneration to Labour and Capital consistent with the interest of the consumers and primary producers and that excessive profits should be prevented by suitable methods of taxation and otherwise. Government would set up a suitable machinery to go into the question as also to secure reasonable reserves for the maintenance and expansion of the undertakings. In regard to industrial housing, Government were taking steps to improve them as quickly as possible.

FOREIGN CAPITAL

Dr. Mukherjee next dealt with the question of foreign capital and said that Government would welcome foreign capital which would work in the interest of the country. The country required capital goods, tehnical aid and advice and in view of the existing conditions it might not be possiable to secure all of them. However, he hoped it would be possible to evolve a scheme whereby when a concern functioned in India with foreign investment, a major interest in ownership and effective control remained in Indian hands. In any case, if an exception was to be made, that would be done by the Government of India after careful examination. Government, he asserted, would not allow any foreign investment for political purposes. The people of India were wide awake and they would not allow history to repeat itself. But, at the same time, they could not live in isolation.

Mr. K. Santhanam moved an amendment approving Government's statement of industrial policy.

Mr. M. R. Masani welcomed the statement, which, he said, laid down the foundations of democratic socialism. It aspired to equality of opportunity. It avoided monopoly, private or public. He considered it to be a categorical rejection of totalitarian communism and an advance towards democratic socialism as tried out in countries like Sweden or Australia or New Zealand or Britain.

He welcomed the very active part that the Indian State now proposed to play in the industrial sphere.

Prof. K. T. Shah expressed "utter disappointment" with everything that was contained in the resolution and declared that if the "terror of the whip" was not there and every one was asked to vote according to his conscience in the House and in the country" this policy will not stand approved but will be condemned".

Nizam's Police Trespass Indian Border

MADRAS, April 7.

From Hyderabad State Congress Publicity Department:

The Nizam's police trespassed the Union border at Hadagali resulting in two deaths.

Razakars are reported to have caused the death of three persons in Parbhani district.

Five villages in Naded district were raided and two persons were killed in village Kauna Madapati.

18 Reds Arrested In Travancore

TRIVANDRUM, April 7 (API.) Eighteen leading Communists of Travancore, including T. V. Thomas, M. N. Govindan Nair and R. Sugathan, were arrested last night and today and brought to the Trivandrum Central Jail. The arrests were carried out under the Travancore Emergency Powers Act.

Their houses were also searched.

BANGALORE, April 7, (U.P.I.): Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, Law Minister, Mysore, inaugurating the Mysore State Lawyers' Conference this morning disclosed that he proposed to pilot a bill for the establishment of a bar council. The establishment of a law college was also hinted.

PARIS, April 6. (Reuter): Earl Mountbatten of Burma, Governor-General of India, is to become Britain's next ambassador to Moscow the evening newspaper Paris Presse, quoting "usually well-informed circles," stated today.

This was not a policy that a State desiring to be progressive, desiring to advance the wealth of the country to the utmost possible, should adopt. He was disappointed with the resolution not only because of its sins of commission but also because of its sins of omission.

Prof. N. G. Ranga, supporting the motion said that the resolution embodying the Government's industrial policy marked a great advance in the right direction. It was a definite triumph of Gandhian socialism over capitalism. Prof. K. T. Shah's criticism of the policy of the Government, he said, was unjustified in as much as the present Government was a nationalist one and not socialist and had received no mandate from the people to liquidate capitalism.

Mr. Khandhubhai Desai, labour representative, extended his support to the "general terms" of the policy.

Mrs. Renuka Ray hoped the early implementation of the new policy would result in increased production and an equitable distribution of wealth in the country.

ONE-SIDED PLAN

Sir J. P. Srivastava whose speech was very frequently interrupted by voices saying "question, question" said that Government's industrial plan was one sided and was unduly biassed against the capitalism (a voice: oh my god). An American friend had recently asked him "why do they regard capitalists in your country as criminals. In America they regard capitalist as patrots—bigger patriots than politicians (laughters.)

Mr. Hossain Imam regretted that labour in India was not behaving well towards the Government. The hands of Government for nationalisation would have been stronger if labour had behaved well in the past. If workmen in the nationalised industries had worked well and efficiently, they would have strengthened the case of nationalisation.

Winding up the debate, Dr. Shyama made during the debate. He stated Prasad Mookherji, Minister for Industries, replied to a number of criticisms made during the debate. He stated that the policy had been fully discussed during the past one month in the Congress Party meetings and claimed that it had the overwhelming support of an overwhelming amjority of the party members.

The House accepted the Government's declaration of policy amidst applause and adjourned till tomorrow.

LONDON STOCK EXCANHGE

LONDON, April 7 (Reuter).

Pent up demand was today released from the investment bottle with the extraction of the budget cork. Buying spread throughout the industrial section of London's Stock Market engulfing store shares in particular.

The removal of market fears of dividend limitation came as a relief to operators who bought stores on increased public spending power occasioned by the incometax concessions and adjustments in purchase tax. Hoolworths gained two Shillings at 85 Shillings.

Miscellaneous least ersalse benefited and recorded good rises.

Oils were in sharp demand. A feature was Venezuelan oil concessions which rose thirteen-thirtyseconds, at five and twentythree thirtyseconds.

The exceptions were tobaccos and giltedged which were sold. The former on increased duty. Imperial tobaccos lost three-thirtyseconds at five and seven-eighths.

The selling of giltedged was small but persistent, making for losses upto seven-sixteenths.

The mining market showed selective support for kaffir freestaters while there was also small buying in coppers.

Among foreign bonds Brazilians features with rises of eight points.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, April 7.

Opening prices.

Anaconda Copper Mining 35-7/8
General Motors 56-7/8
United States Steel Common 74
Preference 137-1/2.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, April 7.

Market ruled firm on technical consideration on report of expected increase in price of cloth. At rise there was some profit selling which was well absorved. Closed steady.

Calico Opened 1290, Highest 1316, Lowest 1275, Closed 1396.

Ambica Opened 387, Highest 406, Lowest 389, Closed 403.

Arvind Opened 1590, Highest 1615, Closed 1608

Defferd Opened 1540, Highest 1585, Lowest 1540, Closed 1573

Closing quotations:

Arvind 1608, Ambika 403, Calico 1306, Jupiter 406, Marsdon 192, Monegram 184 Lalmill 470, Rohit 425, Ashok 680, Newcotton 560, New National 550 Differed 1573, Atul 48, Saraspur 695.

25 CALCUTTA STRIKERS ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, April 7 (API.) Twenty-five persons including one woman, were arrested today in front of Central Government offices in Calcutta in connection with the partial strike in those offices.

According to official sources the attendance of staff has increased today. Armed police guards continue on duty at the entrances to these offices.

AHMEDABAD TROTSKYITES ARRESTED

Four members of the Bolshevik Mazdoor Party (Trotskyite), Hari Prasad, Sukhlal Nanda, Naval Kumar Rawal and Uma Shankar Pandit, who is also the secretary of the Ahmedabad Mill Mazdoor Sabha, have been arrested and detained under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act.

COMMUNIST ARRESTS IN DHULIA

(From Our Correspondent.)

DHULIA, April 6.

Mrs. Shanta Gokhale, Mr. Nanded kar, Mr. Koke and Mr. Gaikwad local communist leaders were arrested and detained in Dhulia Jail.

ITALIANS DESERT COMMUNIST PARTY

ROME, April 7, (U.P.A.): Desertions from the Communist Party were reported today from both north and south Italy.

The desertions included two Mayors and one city councilman.

Newspaper dispatches described similar switches by communists in one instance in a group of 60.

In Ginosa near Taranto, Municipal Councilman and former Mayor Luigi Galene announced he was quitting the Communist Party and in a statement said he felt "excruciating pangs of conscience" every time he handed out a Communist libterature.

COMMUNIST BLAMED FOR BURMESE TRAIN DERAILMENT

RANGOON, April 7. (U.P.A.): Guerilla activity in the Communist-dominated area north of Rangoon is said to have been responsible for derailment of the train from Moulmein which arrived six hours late at Rangoon today.

A section of the track was discovered removed and telegraph lines cut. There were no casualties when the train was derailed just south of Pegu about 100 miles north of Rangoon.

An official communique said that officers of the Burmese Army arrested for alleged Communist activities have been released and returned to their units after interrogation.

CONGRESS SWEEPS THE POLLS

U. P. District Board Elections

LUCKNOW, April 6 (API.) Two hundred and sixtytwo seats have so far been captured unopposed by Congress candidates in the District Board elections, according to the latest figures received in the office of the U. P. Congress parliamentary board.

The Socialist Party has gained unopposed four seats at Bara Banki and one at Deoria.

One Pathan Injured In Ahmedabad Firing

AHMEDABAD, April 7 (API.) A police officer fired one round from his revolver last night to break up a fight between two rival groups of Pathans.

It is stated that some of the Pathans attacked the police party when it intervened, leading to the police officer opening fire. One Pathan, who was injured, was taken to the hospital.

Big Blaze In North Norway Town

OSLO, April 7 Reuter). Fires destroyed eight buildings and damaged others at Tromosoe, northern Norway, last night causing losses estimated at over 1500,000 'kroner.' No lives were lost, but one man was injured.

The blaze, the biggest in the history of Tromosoe, was under control this morning.

NO NATIONALISATION OF 'OBSOLETE' INDUSTRIES

(Continued from Page 1)

that if this house and this country thinks that we should proceed ahead in a constructive spirit much more than in a destructive spirit, then that approach necessarily has to be different. What your ideas may be is another matter but even in the realisation of those ideals do you think that the easiest way of approach will be a clean sweep and then starting anew or to replace as rapidly as possible and as fast you can with your available resources and material the existing structure with a new one? I have no doubt in my mind that we have to change this existing structure and as rapidly as possible."

REPLY TO SRIVASTAVA

Referring to Sir J. P. Srivastava's remarks Pandit Nehru said: "The fact of the matter is that his lament of the burdens that are put on industry taxation and this and that it based on a certain view of the world which I fear, cannot possibly come back. I am not thinking in idealistic or any terms but practical terms when I say that you cannot have it back. There are going to be greater burdens on industry because the state itself is burdened so much with its social problems. It has to solve them or cease to be a social state, and if it becomes just a police state, then too it ceases to be and some other state takes its place. It has to face those problems and if it has to do this, it must necessarily have the wherewithal to face those problems and the burden on industry and the like becomes greater and greater. In fact, not because you think or I think or anybody thinks, inevitably the trend of events is to make the state more and more the organiser of constructive activity, industry etc., and not the private capitlist or any other person. I do not rule out entirely the profit motive completely. I do not know how long it will last in a smaller sense but in the larger sense of the term it will come more and more into conflict with the new sense of the Social State. That conflict will go on and one must survive, and it is clear that the State will survive and not that group which represents in its pure essence the private motive in industry.

HOW TO FACE IT

"So that is an inevitable development. How are we to face that development? Are we again to try to accelerate it as many of us would like to do? Because quite apart from the economic aspect or the expert aspect, we have arrived at a stage when a sensitive person cannot put up easily today with the vast gap between human beings, the distance and the difference between them, between the lack of opportunity on one side and the waste on the other.

It is an odd thing to say that it was not vulgar some 50 or 100 years ago. Although the profit motive was functioning very strongly and although there was probably greater suffering then, nevertheless the approach was different. Perhaps the sense of social values was different. Whatever it was, in the context of the world today it is becoming increasingly not only a wrong thing from the economic point of view but a vulgar thing from any sesitive point of view.

NEED OF COMPROMISE

"So these changes are bound to take place. How then shall we bring about those changes? I would much rather bring them about without deliberate destruction and obstruction, because destruction and obstruction, whatever the future might bring after them, they undoubtedly lead to a stoppage of growth at the present. They stop production, they stop wealth-producing activities.

One has the satisfaction of being able to do something afterwards more rapidly, no doubt, but it is not such a certain thing that afterwards you will be in a position to do it so rapidly. One has, therefore, to compromise, much as I hate that word.

That brings us to a transitional stage of economy, mixed economy, this, that or the other, and it brings us to doing things in such a way as continually to add to the wealth of the country and not add not only to the wealth of the country as a whole but to the distribution of that wealth in the country and gradually arrive at a stage when the centre of gravity of the whole economy has shifted the other way.

FUTILE CONFLICT

"I rather doubt myself whether it is possible without a conflict or without repeated conflicts to bring about these changes quite peacefully, because people who are used to possessing certain vested interests or certain ideas do not easily accept new ideas and nobody likes to give up what he has got.—at least no groups like it, individuals sometimes do—so that conflicts are continually arising But the point is that even these conflicts are rather foolish, if I may say so, because these conflicts cannot stop the trend of events. They may delay, and in delaying the result is probably that those who hold on to those vested interests probably ultimately get an even worse bargain in the end.

REVOLUTIONARIES CRITICISED

It is an odd thing that many of our most ardent revolutionaries who think in terms of an idealistic world are quite extraordinarily conservative in their scientific approach to the world's problems. Most of our friends, the Socialists or the Communists, continually think in terms of production remaining as it is The technique of production, and the methods of production are changing but nevertheless, they base their programmes more or less on a static world and not a continually changing world with new methods of production and new techniques, etc. They will think in terms, for instance of change in the land system. Perfectly right, because the fundamental thing is that a feudal land system should go before you build any industry, capitalist or other, much more Socialist Quite right, change the land system.

They will think in terms of acquiring industries, because a Socialist economy means that mainly—big industries, major industries or all industries, should be owned by the State. They do not think so much in terms of the vast changes of production methods that may come about, which will render the present industrial apparatus obsolete.

"They think in terms of acquiring this or that, spending vast sums of money, acquiring things which are 90 per cent obsolete to-day. In fact, from the point of view of technological advance, it may well be complete waste of money to acquire this obsolete machinery and factories and other things that matter. It is true that they are useful so long as new factories and new technological methods are not introduced. If you have a vast quantity of money and resources, certainly acquire them and go into other things but if you have limited resources, then the main thing to do is not to go about thinking in terms of this static technology but of changing technology, thinking in terms of the state acquiring the new processes and new changes and not of the old so much except when the old comes in the way or obstructs planning or progress

PRIORITY FOR NEW THINGS.

"Obviously, situated as we are in India, we have not got unlimited resources. There has to be a certain priority about what work we do. Even if you start acquiring a large number of industries, you will have to think in terms of priorities, which industry first, which service first etc. So it takes time. Much more so when you have to think in terms of additional industry, new industry, new schemes plus old schemes, you have to think in terms of priorities. I have no doubt in my mind that priority for the State must be in terms of new things as far as possible unless the old thing comes in the way. I attach the greatest importance to, let us say, the great river valley projects and schemes that have been framed. The first one, the Damodar Valley Scheme, has passed through this Legislature and others are coming soon. I thing they are far more important than almost all your existing things. I want them to be completely State-controlled.

"I do hope that the Public Corporation that is going to be formed is not going to be a departmentally controlled organisation but a more or less independent organisation and that it is not going to be run by people who have worked in the ruts in departments but by persons with vision and push and drive." Not people who write in files but do the work. All the resources of India are not enough to push these vast rivery valley schemes through quickly. Am I going to allow them to remain undone and delay them and think in terms of acquiring a tramway system or something else here and there? Let the tramway System be acquired, if you like, but I do not want to give first priority to the tramway system or some such thing"

HOW SOON?

The statement, said Pt. Nehru, was a prosaic statement. There was very little poetry in it. It was not difficult to put in fine flourishes of language in a resolution of this kind, which would have sounded so nice to the public and which would, without conveying any commitment, have pleased the ear and the eye and produced a general fine impression. "We have very deliberately not done so, because we wanted to make it a prosaic statement of what we think we ought to do, and we can do in the relatively near future".

How far we can do it and how far we cannot do it depends on the House and on a multitude of factors, but at any rate this is a thing which is meant to be flourished about as a kind of election programme before the public. The tempo will depend on so many factors.

"Suppose the Damodar Valley Scheme is a thundering success or we go ahead fast, that is a bigger thing from the State point of view and the industrial point of view and from the point of view of other schemes than the fact that this house has passed half a dozen other bills or half a dozen schemes which are not functioning.

FIRST STEP COUNTS

So it is the first step that counts The first thing, if we start any industry under State auspices, is to make it a thorough success instead of going about trying to acquire this and that and making a mess of many things.

Of course, once you have laid good foundations it will be easy for you to go ahead

"It is obvious that this Government of this House may pass this resolution may lay down periods of time as to what will happen, ten years or five years hence or fifteen years hence, but the fact of the matter is that we are living in an age of very swift change and transition and nobody can guarantee what will happen or when it will happen. Nobody can guarantee whether there will be war or peace, and nobody can guarantee what will happen even if there is peace, because things change rapidly.

EVENTS WILL DETERMINE PACE

"In India we have lived during the last eight months on the verge of rapid change, and very undesirable and unhealthy change in many respects. Nevertheless, when we say ten years we mean it, that is as we see things at present. And we say ten years because so far as we can see, the State's hands will be completely full. It is not merely a question of giving an assurance, although we wish to give an assurance to people working the industries so that they may be able to function properly, but fundamentally because we have quite enough to do if we do it thoroughly. But whether I give an assurance or the house gives it, ultimately events will determine the pace. Events may go fast or slow, events may break up our economy or something may happen in the world—a hundred and one things may happen.

FAIR DEAL TO INDUSTRIALIST

We are told—and I suppose it is a fact—that capital is shy and does not come in, that you cannot get capital for private industry, or public loans, etc. that too I imagine, is due more to these changing conditions than to anything that we might do or anybody else might not do Industrialist or capitalist himself will have to choose whether he is too wary and too afraid of putting in his capital.

If he is then others will put it in other ways and it is curious that the country cannot stand by.

We give a fair field and a fair chance to the industrialist in a certain domain. If he does not enter it, than the domain is ours and we go ahead on it. We cannot wait and see things mismanaged or not managed, because he is afraid that something may happen The country cannot wait. The people cannot wait. We give him a fair field and a fair chance and a fair profit

ROLE OF LABOUR

If he does not take advantage of it and it still afraid, then somebody else has to do it, there cannot be a vaccum. Also, if any industry is misguided, not managed, slowed down, stopped, etc. again we have to consider what to do with that industry, because the day of an industry simply stopping or not functioning because someoody misbehaves, either the employer or labour, and the whole community suffers as gradually passing. The community cannot afford to do that. The Community must see that it gives a fair deal to Labour. That is a different matter and therefore, in this resolution a great deal has been said, and that is perhaps one of the most important parts of the resolution about Works Committees and Councils Arbitration and this and that. You cannot, unless you give a completely fair deal come down with a heavy hand After that you may if people still misbehave

"I have no doubt that if the house sat down it could make suggestions to improve the statement but I do submit that the fundamental approach of this statement is the only right approach and the only practical approach at the present moment." (Cheers).

Consolidation & Progress Of Union Muslims

TIRHUT CONFERENCE BACKS UP LUCKNOW RESOLUTION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MUZAFFARPUR, APRIL 6

THE TIRHUT UNION AND PROGRESS CONFERENCE HELD ITS INAUGURAL SESSION IN THE HUGE PANDAL ERECTED SPECIALLY FOR THE PURPOSE IN THE TILAK MAIDAN MUZAFFARPUR. MUSLIMS FROM ALL THE DISTRICTS OF TIRHUT ATTENDED IN LARGE NUMBERS. DELEGATES FROM ALL PARTS OF TIRHUT VISITORS AND DISTINGUISHED GUESTS NUMBERED OVER 10,000 MESSAGES OF GOOD WILL AND ENCOURAGEMENT WERE RECEIVED FROM PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU MAULANA AZAD, SARDAR PATEL AND OTHER EMINENT INDIAN LEADERS.

The conference was inaugurated by Dr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Premier of Bihar. The conference was presided over by the Hon. Dr. Syed Mahmud, Development Minister of Bihar.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS

The Honourable Dr. Sri Krishna Sinha Premier of Bihar inaugurating the conference thanked Maulavi Manzoor Absan Ajazi and his collaborators in the conference for giving him an opportunity to address the representative gathering of Muslims of Tirhut. He traced the advent of Muslims in India before the times of Muslim rule and depicted the harmonious living and brotherly feelings which existed during the Muslim rule in India.

He assured Muslims particularly that his Government would spare no pains to see that Muslims lived in this country honourably and peacefully and shared all the fruits of independence equally with others. He vehemently emphasised that Government were only concerned with good and successful Administration and have nothing to do with religious matters of any person.

Dr. Syed Mahmud Development Minister of Bihar dwelt in his long speech on the historical fusion of the Islamic culture with the one prevalent in ancient India.

THE ONLY REMEDY

The British set one community against the other and sowed seeds of dissentions. They fostered communal hatred by disturbing historical facts and producing false histories specially compiled to secure imperial designs. The solution lay in keeping religion separate from politics.

JOINT DEFENCE

He perceived a ray of hope in the recent declaration of Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah regarding the possible efforts of Pakistan and India for the joint defence of the whole country. The real problem was the defence of the country. If both the Dominions could be made agreeable to make harmonious efforts to solve the problem of joint defence, then there can be no trouble in Kashmir and no misgivings in the hearts of India and Pakistan. He appealed to the Muslims to close their communal organisations and work up the programme of the Lucknow Conference as enunciated by Maulana Azad. He called upon them to join the Congress En Mass as the Congress was the only body politic that could give them opportunities of consolidation and progress there were other non-communal political organisations which the Muslims could join but there was no guarantee of specific future prospects in other folds than the Congress. He drew their pointed attention to the assurance of encouragement and support held out by the Premier in his inaugural speech.

Maulana Madani and other emirent Maulanas also addressed the meeting. The conference concluded its deleberations on April 5 amidst scenes of unprecedented enthusiasm.

The following resolutions were unanimously passed by the conference:

(1) This unity and progress conference of Tirhut division expresses its deep resentment at the great catastrophy of Mahatma Ganchi's murder which is a great loss to humanity and an act of shame for India. Mahatma's personality was the torch bearer of truth and non-violence and universal brotherhood.

This conference expresses its extreme regrets over the heart rending tragedies that occured before and after August, 1947 and offers its sympathies for the loss of lives and properties caused thereby which words cannot express.

"This conference advises the Muslimans to close down all communal organisations and join the Congress or any other non-communal organizations who stand for democracy, union and progress.

This conference is of the opinion that the existence of Musalmans has got a basic importance for the future prosperity of India.

R

For Selling Kerosene without a licence, NOORHASHAM MD. RAZA was convicted and sentenced to four months rigorous imprisonment.

For supplying rationed articles without ration cards, SYED HASAN SD, AHMED and BADRUDDIN KARAMALLI were convicted and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 each or two months' rigorous imprisonment in default.

For stocking yarn in excess, ABBASBHAI GULAMALLI SHERBAIWALLA was convicted and fined Rs. 1,000 or six months rigorous imprisonment in default.

NIZAM'S REPLY TO DELHI'S NOTE

Razakar Movement Will End With Cessation Of Border Incidents And Communist Trouble

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 6 (API).—The Hyderabad Government's reply to the "diplomatic note" presented to them by Mr. K. M. Munshi, India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, on behalf of the Union Government on March 26, has been sent, it is learnt, through Nawab Yusuf Yar Jung Bahadur, Hyderabad Deputy Agent-General in Delhi, who left for New Delhi today.

The Note is stated to present the position of the Nizam's Government on the following lines: Firstly, the Nizam's Government have made a gesture of goodwill by asking the Pakistan Government not to cash the securities valued at 20 crores of rupees transferred by them to the Pakistan Government:

Secondly, the Nizam's Government have amended their ordinance—issued in December last, penalising the use of any currency other than the State currency for cash transactions within Hyderabad State—so as to legalise the use of Indian currency by travellers or visitors from outside the State for their bona fide requirements;

And thirdly, the restrictions imposed on the export of groundnuts out of the dominion also have been relaxed.

RAZAKAR'S QUESTION

On the question of the disbandment of the Razakar volunteer corps of the Majlis Ittthadul Muslimin, the Nizam's Government are said to advance the argumment that the Razakar organisation has been in existence for some years past. It had assumed importance recently because of the activities of the Communists in the State; and with the establishment of permanent friendly relations between the Government of India and Hyderabad and the cessation of the border incidents and the Communist trouble inside the State, the Razakar movement would automatically lose its importance and the organisation would dissolve itself.

HYDERABAD CHARGES

HYDERABAD, April 7 (API).—The Nizam's Government in their reply are also reported to have listed counter-charges against the Government of India on the latter's alleged lapses in the working of the standstill agreement.

The Government of India are accused of not affording facilities to Hyderabad for the import of medical stores, chemicals, iron and steel, automobiles and lorries.

The Government of India are charged with failure to provide arms and ammunition urgently needed by the Hyderabad military and police for the maintenance of internal peace and security. The Government of India also, it is alleged, did not provide Hyderabad with any sterling credits.

The Note is also said to contain a suggestion for the reference of all differences between the two Governments to arbitration as provided for in the Standstill Agreement.

Sir Walter Monckton, Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam, left today for New Delhi by air. He will have meetings with Lord Mountbatten, Governor-General of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister and officials of the States Ministry tomorrow on Hyderabad's reply to Government of India's diplomatic note.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, is leaving for Delhi tomorrow for discussions there on the same subject.

HYDERABAD PLEADERS' PROTEST TO NIZAM

Demand Disbandment Of Razakars

HYDERABAD (Dn.) April 6 (A. P. I.): A memorial drawing the Nizam's attention to the "grave political and communal situation existing in the state" has been submitted on behalf of the Hyderabad Pleaders Protest Committee, announced the Secretary of the Commitee today.

The memorial seeks the Nizam's intervention to save the situation. Referring to the alleged "lawless acts and atrocities of Razakars and police" it demands the disbandment of the Razakar organisation.

It further says that "immediate grant of responsible Government and accession to the Indian Union are the only remedy for all evils of the present and future."

CONGRESS WORKER GOES ON FAST

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 6 (A. P. I.): Arjun Parshad Misra, a Congress worker detained in the Gulbarga jail, has gone on a fast unto death, from March 15" "for the fulfilment of peoples demand of a responsible Government in Hyderabad and the disbandment of Ittihadul Muslemin and Razakars movement" according to a report received here.

HYDERABAD AGENT GENERAL TO PAKISTAN

KARACHI, April 6 (A.P.I.): The Nizam's Government has appointed Mr. Mushtaq Ahmadkhan as Agent-General of Hyderabad in Pakistan, stated a "communique" issued by the Pakistan Government today.

Mr. Mushtaq Ahmed Khan, who was lately Chief Commercial Manager of H.E.H. the Nizam's state railways, has arrived in Karachi.

EXTERNMENT ORDER ON KOLHAPUR T. U. LEADER

KOLHAPUR, April 6 (API).— Following their decision to ban the Maharashtra-Karnatak Motor Workers Conference called here for April 11, the Government of Kolhapur have served an order on Mr. Mohan Dharia, Secretary of the Maharashtra Motor Unions Federation, asking him to leave the State immediately and prohibiting his entry into the State. Accordingly Mr. Dharia left Kolhapur tonight.

The Administrator of Kolhapur State has sent a telegram to Mr. Asok Mehta in Bombay asking him and Mr. N. G. Gore, Socialist leader from Poona, to come to Kolhapur to discuss the situation arising out of the ban. The telegram expressed the desire of the Government that the Conference be postponed for two months in view of the present situation in the State, and stated that it was the Government's firm intention not to suppress any normal political or other activity Government were ready to take any reasonable step to maintain and promote normal conditions in the State, the telegram added.

Mahagaonkar's 'Habeas Corpus' Petition Rejected

KOLHAPUR, April 6 (A.P.I.)—The Kolhapur High Court rejected today a habeas corpus application filed on behalf of Mr. Bhausaheb Mahagaonkar, former vice-President of the Maratta Parishad, who had been detained under the Public Safety Measures Act.

The court held that "there has kar has actually been found indulging kar has actully been found indulging in acts endangering public safety."

KASHMIR TAKES OVER CHENANI

SRINAGAR, April 5 (A.P.I.): The Government of Jammu and Kashmir has decided to take over the administration of the jagir" of Chenani from April 13.

The jagir will be merged with the Udhampur district of the Jammu province and its administration will be carried on by the District Officer, Tehsildar and the Sub-Judge of Udhampur.

Chenani is a jurisdictional jagir with an arena of 95 square miles and having a population of about 12,000.

The jagir was being ruled by a Raja, during the "quit Kashmir" movement this tiny jagir became the scene of trouble.

In 1945, the National Conference in their memorandum to the Cabinet mission described Chenani as a "state within the state" and the "blackest spot of the autocratic rule in the state".

WAR PROPERTIES

SRINAGAR, April 6 (A.P.I.): The Government of Jammu and Kashmir has appointed Syed Noor Shah, retired Subedar Major, as Custodian of the war propertjes of the Muslims in the Jammu province.

SRINAGAR, April 6 (A.P.I.): The Government of Jammu and Kashmir have promulgated "the restoration of property" ordinance in order to facilitate the work of rehabilitation in the state and ensure restoration of cattle and all immovable property to those who were forced to leave the state, says a press note.

Baldev Singh Appeals For Kashmir Relief Fund

NEW DELHI, April 6 (A.P.I.)—The Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, in an appeal has called for generous contributions for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers from Jammu and Kashmir and for the general welfare of troops.

The appeal reads:

In response to my request, their Highnesses the Maharajas of Jammu and Kashmir, of Gwalior, Baroda, Mysore and Faridkot and the Nawab of Rampur have already contributed generously towards this cause. I appeal to the general public to send in their contributions, big or small, and help in the relief of the Kashmir sick and wounded, and general welfare of the troops."

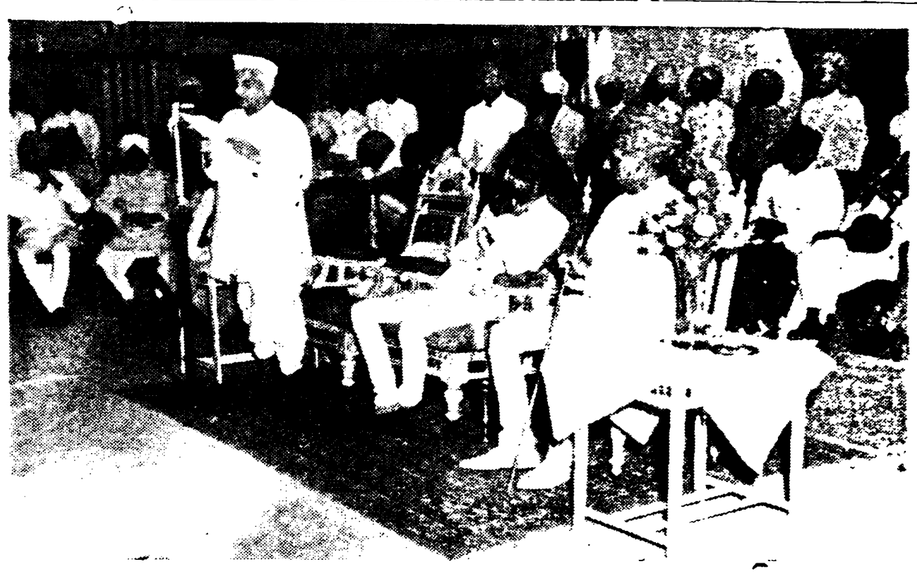
Indore Ministers At Gwalior

GWALIOR, April 6. (API): The Prime Minister of Indore accompanied by the Commerce Minister arrived here last night on their way to Delhi for discussions with members of the Gwalior Cabinet regarding the proposed Union of Central India States.

It is understood that Mr. Liladhar Joshi, Chief Minister of Gwalior explained to the Indore Ministers that a Federal type of constitution with certain common subjects would be desirable in case single Union of Central India States was not formed at present.

Junagadh Merger Depends On U. N. Talks

NEW DELHI, April 6 (A.P.I.)—Mr. N. Dhabar, Prime Minister of Sourashtra, told a press conference here today that Junagadh's merger with Sourashtra depended on the course of talks now going on between the Governments of India and Pakistan before the UNO. The Central Government is waiting for some indications from the UNO", he added. After that, there might be a plebiscite or referendum on the question of merger.



The Hon'ble Mr. N. V. Gadgil inaugurating the Union of Vindhya Pradesh. Seated on his right is the Maharaja of Rewa, Rajpramukh of the Union.

Sissendi Rajah's Succession Suit In Privy Council

Hearing To Last For Several Days

LONDON, April 6 (Reuter) The 23-year-old Rajah of Sissendi, Vijay Kumar, today heard his counsel open before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council an appeal arising out of the suit instituted in 1937 which challenged his right to succeed to a wealthy state in Oudh.

The estate was said to be under the superintendence of the Court of Wards.

Mr. W. K. Page, Counsel for the appellants, said the adoption took place six years after the Rajah's death, and one question for determination was whether the letters relied upon as conferring authority on the Ranee to adopt, had been proved to be written by him.

The trial Judge decided that proof had not been established but his decree was set aside on appeal.

The late Rajah was married to the Ranee about 1878, but later he appeared to have become eccentric, devoted to Religion and indifferent to his wife.

Leading counsels for the young Rajah, who was four at the time of his adoption, are Mr. J. N. Pritt and Sir Valentine Holmes.

The hearing is expected to last for several days.

SOURASHTRA TAKES OVER JAFARABAD GOVT.

(From a Correspondent)

JAFARABAD, April 6.

Jadavji Bhai Modi from Bhavnagar took over the Jafarabad administration on behalf of Saurastra Government on April 5th and Bhanusingh Desai from Patadi has been appointed as officer in charge. The state has handed over a balance of Rs. 1,75,000 announced redemption of Tagavi and revenue dues worth Rs. 54,000 and granted two months salary as bonus to the State servants. A public meeting the declaration of a Saurastra Government was read and its policy was fully explained.

BRITAIN TO SUPPLY ISOTOPES TO INDIA

Prof. Meghanad Saha's Negotiations Bear Fruit

CALCUTTA, April 6, (API): The Atomic Energy Commission of Great Britain has, it is learnt, agreed to supply through the Government of India isotopes to the Institute of Nuclear Physics of Calcutta University for investigation of beta-ray spectra of nuclei of elements and for biological investigations.

These isotopes are produced on a large scale in the Uranium pile at Harbell, Berks England. The arrangement was negotiated by Prof. Meghanad Saha during his last visit to England by personal contact with the officials. The Director of the atomic energy establishment, Sir John Cockcroft, F. R, S., greatly helped in this matter, it is learnt.

The Institute of Nuclear Physics of Calcutta University has developed a special technicque for the study of beta-ray spectra and gamma rays of neuclei and a special theoretical method of predicting the nature of spectra. This has been appreciated by workers in the field all over the world.

Recently, the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research of the Government of India gave a grant to the institute for the purchase of equipments for the spectrograph.

NEW STAFF COLLEGE FOR INDIAN ARMY

NEW DELHI, April 6 (API): On the occasion of the opening of the Staff College at Wellington yesterday, the Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, in a message said that the efficiency of the army to a great extent depended upon the training of its Staff Officers.

The message was addressed to Major-General W.D.A. Lentiagne, Commandant. The message said: "I should like to assure you of my fullest support in the solution of whatever problems you may be confronted with in the growth of the New College. I wish you the best of luck and every success."

After the partition of the Armed Forces, immediate steps were taken to establish a Staff College in India which is now temporarily located in Wellington.

Czechoslovak Question At U. N.

Govt. Asked To Take Part In Discussions

LAKE SUCCESS, April 6 (Reuter).—The Security Council tonight approved a United States resolution asking the Czechoslovak Government to take part in discussion of the charges that Russia influenced the assumption of power by the Communists in Prague. The resolution asking Czechoslovakia to participate without a vote in the discussion of the Czechoslovak question was carried by nine votes, with Russia and the Ukraine abstaining.

The Council then adjourned till Monday.

CONSCRIPTION NECESSARY IN U.S.

LOS ANGELES, April 6 (Reuter).—Conscription and universal military training were needed in the United States to alleviate the army's 'critical manpower situation, Lieutenant General Albert C. Wedmeyer, Director of the plans and operations division of the Army General Staff said here today.

The army, he said, had "less than 50,000 men "two and one-third under (under-strength) divisions—that could be deployed quickly to meet an emergency involving the Security of our country."

He added, "By generating additional military power in the United States and in countries friendly to us we may avoid another world war.

"We fought the last two wars because we were unprepared and we must not make the same mistake again."

VISIT POSTPONED

VIENNA, April 6 (Reuter).—Lord Pakenham, British Minister for German and Austrian Affairs, has cancelled his visit to Vienna which is to have taken place tomorrow, Austrian Government sources here said tonight.

Doctor Karl Gruber, the Austrian Foreign Minister, was called from a Cabinet meeting today to be informed by telephone from London that the visit was postponed "because of the political situation."

NO REPLY FROM RUSSIANS YET

BERLIN, April 6 (Reuter).—British and American Chiefs of Staff were tonight still awaiting a reply from the Russians to their letters offering to meet to discuss details of the new Soviet traffic regulations, a British spokesman said.

Until the Russians answer there can be no decision when or where the new traffic discussion will take place.

REHABILITATION OF ASIA'S CHILDREN

U. N. A. C. Representative Eulogises India Govt.'s Work

LAKE SUCCESS, April 7 (Reuter).—Mr. Sidney Hertsberg, Chief Regional Representative at Shanghai of the United Nations Appeal for Children, said in an interview that the "rehabilitation of Asia's children is a world problem of immediate importance. It is no longer possible for the rest of the world to ignore the desperate poverty which exists in Asia."

Mr. Hetzberg said the Indian Government was "doing a magnificent job" of taking care of refugees in Kurukshetra refugee camp, which he visited during a tour throughout Asia.

He urged that more help should be made available to the Indian Government to handle the "enormous task" of immediate relief and rehabilitation of refugees in the camp.

In India the National Committee for UNAC is headed by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, a close associate of Mahatma Gandhi. Mr. Hertsberg said, "Three days before his tragic death I had the opportunity to talk at some length with Mahatma Gandhi about UNAC. He appreciated the importance of its specific object and of its implications in terms of world fellowship. He said he would support UNAC 'in my own way.' The appeal in India also has the support of Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru. In spite of the great shock to the Government and people of India in the death of the revered father of the nation India plans an active campaign in the name of the United Nations which will help her own children."

In Pakistan, Miss Fatima Jinnah, sister of the Governor-General Mohammed Ali Jinnah, has become national Chairman of Pakistan National Committee for UNAC.

Sikhs Pledge Full Support To Nehru Govt.

Sant Singh Blames Akalis For Punjab Tragedy

AMBALA, April 6 (API): The All India Nationalist Sikh Conference at its annual session at Ambala gave its full support to Nehru Government in the formation of a purely democratic secular state in India. Sardar Sant Singh, former member of the Central Legislative Assembly presided

Inaugurating the conference Prof. Motasingh appealed to the Sikhs to root out communalism and condemned the activities of a section of the community for their communal outlook. Hindu-Sikh unity, he said, was the crying need of the hour.

Sardar Sant Singh in his address condemned the Akali leadership and held them responsible for the Punjab tragedy. He said that the Sikh community did not want any reservation or weightage of seats.

The conference by a resolution characterised demands for weightage or reservation of seats on communal grounds as quite unnecessary and detrimental to the Sikhs.

Colonial Powers From Americas Must Quit

BOGOTA, April 6 (UPA)—Venezuela's former president Romulo Bettacourt, today appealed to the Pan-American Conference to oust all colonial powers from the Western Hemisphere.

He asked that existing colonies be allowed to determine by a plebiscite whether their peoples want independence or association with other American states.

In a speech to the plenary session, Bettacourt made the first formal move to put this conference on record on the colonial issue.

The colonies involved are British, Dutch and French. They range from Guianas in South America to Belize in Central America and scores of islands in the Caribbean.

German Expert To Survey Clay Resources In Assam

GAUHATI, April 5 (A.P.I.)—The Government of Assam has undertaken a survey of the clay resources of the Province and their possibilities.

A German ceramic expert, Mr. Hans Neuhans has been appointed for three months to carry out the survey. He will make proposals to Government how village potters can improve their products and take up new lines of pottery work.

Mr. Neuhans is now visiting clay centres in Assam.

Lewis Refuses Coal Operators Invitation

WASHINGTON, April 6 (UPA): John L. Lewis today refused the soft-coal operators' invitation to meet them at 4 p.m. to discuss a settlement of the coal strike. He countered with an offer to meet Wednesday afternoon if President Benjamin Fairless, of the United States Steel Corporation, and President George Humphrey, of the Pittsburgh Consolidated Coal Company, agree to attend

Fairless and Humphrey negotiated the 1947 contract with the United Mine Workers which provided for payment of pensions from the Welfare and Retirement Fund. A dispute over the size of these pensions led to the present walkout.

Lewis, in a letter to the operators, said that their proposal for a meeting today "obviously, was not in good faith."

CEYLON'S MEMBERSHIP IN U. N. F. A. O.

WASHINGTON, April 7 (Reuter): Ceylon's application for membership in the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation was deferred yesterday as the application was not received in time for the necessary thirty days notice to be passed to the membership.

At the instance of South Africa, this rule was suspended and a vote of Ceylon's application will be taken when the conference of the organisation reconvenes early next week.

Turkey became the 56 organisation by a unanimous vote and immediately took her seat at the conference table.

MINIATURE TOWN AT GANDHI GROUND

BOMBAY, Wednesday. — Unfolding the plans for preparation of the forthcoming A.I.C.C. session to be held in the City on April 24 and 25, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee stated this morning at the Congress House that a little town would spring up in the Lloyd Recreation Ground, now renamed as the Gandhi Maidan.

Mr. Patil said that the Gandhi Nagar would consist of the pandal, special shamiana, shops and 'zenda chawk.' The pandal would be circular and closed one with capacity to accommodate easily over 50,000 persons. Mr. Patil remarked that it was bigger than any constructed in Bombay. It would be nearly four times bigger than the A.I.C.C. pandal built up at the Gowalia Tank Maidan last time. Its radius would be 275 feet and cover over two lakhs of square feet. The total cost of the pandal would be, Mr. Patil said, about three lakhs of rupees.

Describing the arrangements of the pandal, he said that one fourth of the pandal would be kept open in order to avoid crowding. He said that the visitors gallery would be so separated from the press and members galleries that the proceedings of the A.I.C.C. would not be disturbed by the public. The entrance to the members gallery and press would be from the Church Gate side and the members of public would have no access to it.

Five thousand seats were reserved for the local and upcountry Congress workers who would be admitted free. The rates of the tickets would range from Rs. 10 for gallery to Rs. 5,000. Other tickets were Rs. 25, Rs. 50, Rs. 100, Rs. 200 and Rs. 250 and above that would be considered as donations. The galleries would be constructed all around the pandal, 18 feet high.

Talking of the arrangements for press, Mr. Patil said that they would be able to accommodate about 1,000 pressmen. The pulpit from where a speaker would speak would be raised eight feet so that everybody in the pandal would be able to view the speaker. The loud speaker arrangement would be made in such a way that all speeches would be audible to the furtherest end of the pandal. The members of the Working Committee would sit in a raised semi-circular platform. Three to four feet of opening was kept on all the sides of the pandal to allow free flow of air.

To prevent insanitation, Mr. Patil said elaborate arrangements were made to keep the Nagar clean and hygienic. They would open about 100 urinals and 50 water closets. Municipal health officers, engineers and fire brigade would be stationed at the pandal. A temporary telegraph and post office would be open and three telephone lines would be installed in the pandal.

The boarding and lodging arrangements for the A.I.C.C. members would be made at the newly-built West End Hotel. Mr. Patil said that they would open A.I.C.C. camps at 12 wadis' and some schools. About 10 B.E.S.T. buses would be requisitioned to facilitate transport of public.

Mr. Patil informed that a part of the profits accruing from the gate money would be given to the A.I.C.C. for the construction of the headquarters of the Congress at New Delhi.

Mr. Patil said that special facilities would be given to press photographers who would be admitted. Arrangements will also be made to film the entire session.

After the Session Mr. Patil said that they were thinking of holding some programme in the pandal by some wellknown artists and musicians in aid of the Gandhi Memorial Fund.

Mr. Patil told pressmen that the meeting of the Working Committee scheduled to be held at New Delhi on April 21 and 22 might be held in Bombay. He had already requested the Congress President to arrange the meeting in Bombay.

Russo-Finnish Pact

Act Of Great Significance, Says Finnish Premier

HELSINKI, April 7 (Reuter).—The Finno-Russia pact on military assistance and friendship provisionally concluded in Moscow stipulates that Finland shall fight with all her available forces to defend her territory if she is attacked or if Russia is attacked over her territory by Germany or by any other States allied with Germany.

The treaty as distinct from the draft signed in Moscow today will not be binding on Finland until ratified by the Finnish Parliament.

The Moscow draft is a signed record of the agreements reached between the two Governments, it is pointed out but under the Finnish constitution the Government cannot make a formal pact binding on the nation without the consent of the people represented by Parliament.

Thus the provisional agreement now reached in Moscow must be submitted to Parliament and approved before becoming a legal instrument in Finnish and international law.

If Parliament should refuse to ratify it Finland would not be bound by today's signing.

Parliament is expected to ratify the pact, however, in view of Finland's exposed geographical position, but many members will probably abstain from voting as a gesture of their reluctance to be lined up with eastern bloc.

The signatories were M. Vyacheslav Molotov for the Soviet Union, and Finnish Prime Minister Mauno Pekkala.

Marshal Stalin was present at the signing, according to Moscow Radio.

M. Pekkala said the treaty was "an act of great significance. It reflects a great achievement in the foreign policy based on the post-war friendship between the Soviet Union and Finland."

ANGLO-U.S. NOTE TO YUGOSLAVIA

Contents Not Revealed

BALGRADE, April 7 (Reuter): The British and American Ambassadors to Yugoslavia, delivered notes yesterday to the Yugoslav Government the contents of which were not revealed but were understood to deal with the Trieste problem and with certain recently reported incidents in the free territory.

LAW-MAKERS ENGAGE IN FIST BATTLE

MANILA, April 6. (UPA): The Session Hall of the House of Representatives was thrown into an uproar late yesterday when Congressman Domingo Veloso, Liberal of Leyte, and visiting Senator Carlos Tan, Liberal of Leyte, called each other names and finally battled with their fists.

The fight arose from a long-standing feud. Members of Congress and House employees succeeded in separating the combatants but as Tan left the Chamber Veloso again engaged him in the House yard. The House Public Relations Officer, Panfilo Ramos, arrived as the two law makers grappled with each other and succeeded in breaking up the second round.

Tan suffered from a black eye and his coat was torn. Veloso suffered a bruise on the face.

The Veloso-Tan rivalry started over the appointments of officials of the new city of Ormoc on Leyte.

RAJKOT, April 6: Preparation to celebrate Saurashtra Union Day on April 15 on a large scale are already going on briskly.

Detention Of Two British Officers By Burma Govt.

Conservative M.P. Raises Issue In Commons

LONDON, April 6 (Reuter)—Sir Waldron Smithers, Conservative, raised the question in the House of Commons today of two British officers, Major C. H. Young and Captain Viva, who are being held by the Burmese authorities.

He said that a great question of principle and British prestige were involved.

These two officers, and incidentally U. Saw were convicted under British rule and at that had the right of appeal to the Privy Council.

That right was now taken away.

Would the Minister do what he could to see that British law was maintained?

Mr. Michael Stewart, Financial Secretary to the War Office, said both these former Indian Army Officers were alleged to have committed very serious civil offenders.

One had been sentenced to two years imprisonment and was appealing against his sentence.

The trial of the other was not yet complete.

The Burmese authorities, Mr. Stewart added, had the power to hold these officers and try them, but the British Military Mission was watching.

EVACUATION OF NON-MUSLIMS FROM SIND

KARACHI, April 6 (A.P.I.)—One lakh and 15,015 persons have been evacuated from Sind to places in the Indian Union from January to March 31, 1948. It was authoritatively learned here tonight.

In the month of March alone the total number of steamers leaving Karachi with evacuees from Sind was 47, of these 41 left for Bombay.

The persons evacuated for Bombay in March numbered 47,445 while those evacuated to Kathiawar ports totalled 14,757.

The total number of persons evacuated in March from Sind to places in India was 62,202.

Seraikella Dispute

NEW DELHI, April 6 (UPI)—Following the failure of the direct negotiations conducted between the two Governments, an enquiry into the judicial aspects of claims on Seraikella and Kharaswan by the Governments of Bihar and Orissa will commence by the middle of this month. It is learnt that Mr. Justice Bavdekar of the Bombay High Court, who was appointed to the Commission to conduct an enquiry into the dispute, has decided to wait for some time to give the contending Governments chance to arrive at a settlement through a direct negotiation.

Mr. Justice Bavdekar will shortly receive the representatives of the Governments of Bihar and Orissa and their respective points of view.

NEW DELHI, April 6 (A.P.I.): Col. Brij Raj Narain Political Minister of Gwalior State, says in a statement:—

"My attention has been drawn to several reports appearing in the press from Indore in which it has been alleged that His Highness the Maharaja of Gwalior is the sponsor of a so-called scheme for the creation of two separate administrative units around the states of Gwalior and Indore. The reports are not only unauthorised but mischievous and false. No union scheme of two or one units has hitherto been sponsored by His Highness the Maharaja of Gwalior.

SHARP RISE IN STEEL AND TEXTILE SHARES

Cotton Prices Move Up Rs. 26 On Active Buying

GOLD RULES FIRM BUT SILVER QUIETENS

Bombay, April 7

As anticipated the Bombay Stock Exchange was favourably influenced to-day on the declaration of the industrial policy of the Government. There were also reports that the price control on cloth will be removed. These advices were sufficiently strong to push up the market which was well liquidated. Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1560 and after declining at Rs. 1540 improved at Rs. 1560. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 324 and hardened at Rs. 328 while Bombay Dyeings opened at X.D. Rs. 1000 and advanced at Rs. 1050. Kohinoors also moved up at Rs. 610.

Later on the market was steady and Defds. were done at Rs. 1570. Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 326 and Dyeings X.D. were quoted at Rs. 1052/8 Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 610 while Swadeshi shares stood at Rs. 627. Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 229 and Constructions were done at Rs. 193. Associated Cements changed hands at Rs. 175 while Scindia shares were placed at Rs. 28. The market closed very steady at about the highest level of the day.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing X. D. 1055 Kohinoor 611 Swadeshi 626 Nagpur 328 Simplex 230 New Great 371 Gokak 338 Indore 555 Century 5128 Colaba 321/4 Bleaching 163 Swan 354 Finlay 354 Morarji 520 Edward 620 Meyer 176/4 Apollo 3/11/6 I. U. Ordinary 15/4 I. U. Defd. 2/13 Madhusudan 250 Podar 180 Khatau 258/12.

STEELS

Tata Steel Ord. 328 8 Tata Steel Defd. 1575 Second 140.

CEMENTS

Associated Merger X D. 177.8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 432.4 Belapur 344 Shivrajpur 37 Scindia 28/4 Construction 194 Tata Chemical 16 15 Tata Oil 58/8 Indian Iron 30/8 Bengal Steel 26.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 158 Andhra 1380 Power 1530.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 86 Phonix 455 Ind Mfg. 4210 Koorla 300 Dawn 1045 David 150 New City 188/12 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 667/8 Bharucha (Defd.) 7 Bharat 39/8 Mysore 232/8 Madhavji 19/6 Model 190 Laxmi X.R. 807/8 Vishnu X.R. 316/4 Western 4060 Standard 520 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4310 Tata 70 Ahmedabad Advance 565 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 16/4 Madhusudan B. 47 Shrinivas X.R. 220 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 425 Simplex Cpn. 108.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad X.R. 121/4 New 133 2 Surat 141/4 Karachi 115 Broach 10/4 Ajmer 10 8 Amalgamated 15 8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 145 Bombay Suburban 149/6 Bombay Suburban New 131/4.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 111 Imperial 2010 P. P. 492 8 Central 86 New 84.8 India 245 Union 159 Baroda 9/8 Habib 152 Dena Bank 54 United Commercial 64 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105.

INSURANCE

Oriental 5400 Empire 785 New India 69 4 Jupiter 30 Vulcan 13/8 Indian Mercantile 50/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 23/8 Prud 29 Neptune 7 New Great 25 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS

C.P. 105 Mymensing 100 Guaranteed 100 Pachora 107/8 Manmad 125.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 312/8 Steamer 532/8 Burma New 143/12 B.B. Petrol 2/12/6 Mackenzie 85 Port Canning 74 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 102/4 Wimco 313/12 Dharamsey Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 247/8 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 74 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 31/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 170 United Motor 74 A.C.C. New 109 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydri Construction 16 Mahmad Steam 100 8 Gujerat Motor 25/2 Sardar Carbolic 750 Harvey Press 340 Estrella Bat. 53 Prince of Wales 625.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 185 Andhra Valley 1180 Tata Power 1302/8 Hydro 125 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 650 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 850 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 222/8 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 98 Elphinstone 116/8 Bradbury 385 Surat Electric 130 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 125 Amalgamated 123/8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 121/14 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/14 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, April 7.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/11 3/12 3/11/6
B. Dyeing 1015 1000 32.8 25 55 37/8 55 (Ex. Div.)
C. India 321 25 22 26 23 28
E. Textiles 620
Finlay 338 41 40 44
Gokak 332 38 36 38
I. U. (Defd.) 2/12 2/14 2/13
I. U. (Ord.) 15 15/3 15.2 15/4
Indore 505 65 50 55
Kohinoor 588 602 600 6 4 14 5 11 8 11
Laxmi 807/8
Madhusudan 250
Meyer 175 76/4
New Great 360 68 66 71
Podar 182/8 77/8 80
Simplex 225 27 24 28 24 30
Swadeshi 612 8 15 12 27 20 22 19 22 17 26
Tata Mills 70 69 72 70
Vishnu 316/4

BANKS.

Baroda 160
Central 87 87/8 85 86
Imperial (Old) 215 5 12/8 10
Imperial (New) 491/4 92/8
India 245
Reserve 111 11/4 11
Union 10 9 8 (Ex. Div.)
U. Commercial 63/8 64

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 122/8 20 23/12 18/12 21/4
Ajmer 10/8
B. Suburban 147/8 49/6
Surat 141/4
Hydro 152 54
Power 1500 31/8 30

INSURANCE.

B. I. General 23/8
New India 70 71 69/8 70 69/4
Scindia 28/2 28/4 27/15 28/4 28 28/4

STEEL.

B. Steel 25/6 26
I. Iron 30 30/10 30/6 30/9 30/4 30/8
Tata (Defd.) 1545 60 42/8 50 35 55 45 65 45 70 55 75
Tata (Ord) 324 25 24 26 23 28 23 27/8 26 28/8
Tata (II Pref.) 140 42 40

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 312/8
A. C. C. (Old) 175 75/12 74/8 75 73/12 77/8
A. C. C. (New) 109 8 9
Belapur 338 42 40 47 42 44
B. B. (Old) 420 30 20 32/8
B. B. (New) 141/4 43.12
B. B. Petrol 2/12 2/10 2/12/6
I. Bleaching 162 63
I. I. Trust 102/4
Dena Trust 21
J. Const. 195 92 93 92 94
Tata Chem. 16/6 16/15
Tata Oil 59 58/8 59 58/8
Walchandnagar 170
Wimco 313/12 15 13/12

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 84/8
Standard Mills 520
Dena Bank 54
Pachora Jamner Rly. 107
Haydari Const. 16
Muhammodia Steamship 100/8

160 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1959 104/6 Indian Hume Pipe 111 Tata Power 1951 103 Walchand Nagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDE ISSUES

Indian Copper 2/13 BIC 9 Burma Corporation 3 New Victoria Mill 5 New Victoria Pref. 6 Phalton 110 Gold Mohor 325 New Kaiser-e-Hind 380 Sajjan Mill 230 Osmanshahi 235 Ajamshahi 210 Air Services 11/8 Air Ambica 15 Air India Tata 167 8 Hind Motor 6/14 Indian Steam 13/2.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, April 7.

Tata Ordinary 328/4; Tata Deferred 105; Central India 328/2; Gokak 338/2; of Bengal 26; Bombay Dyeing X. D. 1055; Central India 328/2; Gokak 338/2; Kohinoor 611/4; Simplex 230; Swadeshi 626/4; Tata Power 1530; Associated Cement 177/8; Belapur 343/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 432/8; Scindia 28/4; Central Bank 88/4; New India 69/6; Tata 2nd Pref. 140.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, April 7.

		Rs	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954		98	10	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1960		101	1	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961		96	12	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52		100	4	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960		99	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962		99	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976		99	8	0
3 p.c. non-Terminable		98	0	6
3 p.c. 1986 Con.		98	1	0
3 p.c. 1949-52		101	2	0
3 p.c. 1951-54		102	1	0
3 p.c. 1953-56		101	14	0
3 p.c. 1957		100	10	0
3 p.c. 1959-61		100	10	0
3 p.c. 1966-68		99	8	0
3 p.c. 1970-75		99	0	0
3 1/2 p.c. 1954-59		105	6	0
4 p.c. 1945-53		102	0	0
4 p.c. 1960-70		111	8	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67		105	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60		113	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67		116	0	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c. U.P. 1961	89	12	
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961.	99	0	0
3 p.c Bombay 1955	101	10	0
3 p.c Bombay 1958	101	10	0
3 p.c Punjab 1949	99	2	0
3 p.c Madras 1952-53	100	12	0
3 p.c Punjab 1952	99	4	6
3 p.c. U. P 1952	112	0	0
3 p.c C. P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952	99	14	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66	100	10	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	111	4	0
3 p.c Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
3 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954	119	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	100	12	0
5 p.c. BPT	110	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, April 7.

The local cotton market was again firm today under renewed speculative buying, there being utter scarcity of contracts prices were pushed up to new high levels under expectations of removal of stamping of prices on cloth.

At the opening May was quoted at Rs. 648 and within half an hour advanced at Rs. 664/-. There was renewed speculative buying and short covering.

Thereafter the market was firm and May advanced at Rs. 668. Later on there was persistent buying and May contract advanced at Rs. 679. Closing quotations at 4-30 p.m. were as under:—

I.C.C. May	676	0	0
I.C.C. July	678	0	0
I.C.C. Sept.	681	0	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, April 7.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
May	654	648	649
July	655-1/2	652	652-1/2
Sept.	658-1/2	655-1/2	656

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton May contract is 1073 cent points below New York May at Exchange rates 331.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, April 7.

The Bullion Market was fairly steady today with moderate business. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 171|12 and after fluctuating between Rs. 171|6 and Rs. 172|1 steadied at Rs. 171|11. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 171|9 Forward Gold opened at Rs. 113|14 and after declining at Rs. 113|13, improved at Rs. 114|2 and steadied at Rs. 114|0|6. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114|2|6, while Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 73.

Later on there was increased selling in Silver. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	170	4	0
Forward Silver	170	8	0
Ready Gold	114	4	0
Forward Gold	114	2	0
Sovereigns	73	0	0

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, April 6.

U. S. price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, April 6.

Gold bars fine per oz. £8/12/3.

SILVER: Spot 45d., Forward 45d.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, April 7.

The Produce market was very steady today. Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 137/8 and after declining at Rs. 137/2 advanced at Rs. 140 and steadied at Rs. 139/10. The market declined at Rs. 136/10 and improved at Rs. 137. Closing quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Khandesh quality	32	12	0
Coromandal ready	32	8	0
Bold ready	32	4	0
April-May	31	8	0

CASTORSEEDS:

Ready	30	8	0
May delivery	137	0	0

LINSEED:

Ready	25	12	0
April-May	25	12	0

OILS:

Groundnut ready	17	7	0
Groundnut April	17	9	0
Groundnut May	17	11	0
Linseed Oil	16	8	0
Castorseed First Pressing.	21	0	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	19	8	0

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, April 7.

	Pics.
45X11.	
Ready	114
April-June	102
July-Sept.	98
D. W. 40X28.	
Ready	104 8 0
April-June	98 0 0

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, April 7.

Chaitra dely.	819 to 22
Vaishakh dely.	829 to 32

SUGAR MARKET.

BOMBAY, April 7.

Usual Quality	104	8	0
Higher Quality	105	8	0
Raja	107	8	0
Buland	113	4	0
May dely.	37	8	0

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, April 7.

150 D. April	12	4	6
150 D. May	12	9	6
120 D. Ready	11	4	0

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is the Account of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended the 2nd day of April:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	
(a) India Notes	11,81,69,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	1,95,000
Notes in circulation:	
(a) India Notes	13,06,89,79,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	1,26,55,000
Total Notes issued	13,20,01,98,000
Total Liabilities	13,00,01,98,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	11,35,32,30,000
Total of A	11,79,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin:	
(a) India	34,09,02,000
(b) Pakistan Government of India Rupees Securities	3,34,57,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	1,02,84,05,000
Total Assets	11,20,0190,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 89.373 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Central Government of	
(1) India	2,42,62,03,000
(2) Pakistan	56,64,87,000
(b) Other Governments in	
(1) India	21,06,09,000
(2) Pakistan	27,73,16,000
(c) Banks	82,13,70,000
(d) Others	42,68,64,000
Bills Payable	3,05,48,000
Other Liabilities	15,51,77,000
Total Rs.	5,01,45,74,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) India	2,42,62,08,000
(b) Pakistan	1,95,000
Rupee Coin:—	
(a) India	8,48,000
(b) Pakistan	14,000
Subsidiary Coin:—	
(a) India	1,52,000
(b) Pakistan	....
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	.....
(b) External	.....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,65,80,000
Balances held abroad	4,08,61,14,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	
(a) In India	.....
(b) In Pakistan	....
Other Loans and Advances	....
Investments	72,83,98,000
Other Assets	5,41,04,000
Total Rs.	5,01,45,74,000

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, April 7.

B O Rates 1 1 D D 1/5 15/16 steady
B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 8th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B C Rates 1 Rs 332 1/4

Banks Selling T T D D Rs 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L C

Paris Banks Selling T T Frs. 6400

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Frs 6550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Frs. 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D—79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4

New York-London Cross Rate On 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4

London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43

London Alexandria Cable 9.1 4-8 4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl 40
London Belgium Frs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/8 1/16
London Iran Rl 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es 99 80-100.20
London Manila Pes 8.07-12
London Montreal Dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4
4.031 1/4.
London Oslo Kr 19.98 20.02

Substitute For Cotton

SYDNEY, April 7, (Reuter): After nearly three years' intensive research, Australian experts believe that Ramie Plant Fibre will eventually replace cotton for many textiles.

The Commercial Council for Scientific and Industrial Research reported that the results of these experiments—which will soon be passed on to Britain had shown that the tensile strength of Ramie was stronger than that of cotton, hemp or flax.

If it could be proved that this strength was maintained for long periods then the development of Ramie Plant could make Australia nearly independent of outside sources of cotton.

Dollar Aid To Japan

WASHINGTON, April 7, (Reuter): Mr. William H. Draper, Under-Secretary of the United States army, today disclosed plans for a Japanese recovery programme which he said, might continue for four years.

Mr. Draper returned yesterday from the Far East. He said that 150,000,000 dollars for the first year of the programme was a beginning in an attempt to restore Japan to pre-war trade standards The money to which he referred is part of the 220,000,000 dollars already proposed to Congress for use in Japan, Korea and the Ayukyu Islands.

Asked at a news conference whether he thought that amount would bring recovery, Mr. Draper replied:" I believe we will be surprised to see now much that amount will do".

Asked for an estimate of the total length and cost of the programme, he said that it might extend over approximately the same period as the European relief programme—four years. However, no definite decision had been made on the length of the recovery drive.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 7.

M. V. DARONIA

TO ABADAN: 3880 tons spirit in bulk, 3743 tons motor spirit, 4296 tons kerosene oil.

S. S. YOBALINDA

TO ABADAN: 10373. furnace oil.

MV BRITISH JUSTICE

TO BAHREIN: 5531-929 tons fuel oil, 5957-288 tons fuel oil.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. KHANDALA

TO DARESALAM: 1110 cases waipdish— An Exporter.

TO ZANZIBAR: From H. Merally & Co. 5 bags ammin seed, and 5 bags tamarind. 5 bags tamarind—Vithaldas & Co

S. S. VARSOVA

TO KUWAIT: 47 chest blank tea—Suresh Chandra & Co.

TO BUSRAH: 200 bags tamarind—A. R. Bassam Bros., 10 drums kewada water—Persian Soap Factory

S. S. RICHARD [illegible] LEE

TO MARCELLIS: 1455 bags safflower seed—Produce Dealers Ltd

S. S. TORANTIA

TO LIVERPOOL: 300 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal & Co., 800 bales cotton waste—Barot Bros & Co., 500 bales cotton raw—P. Poonja & Co.

S. S. DALDAN HALL

TO MONTREAL: 7 cases ornamental brass ware—S. M. Ibrahim & Sons, 10 cases ornamental brass ware—Haji Kalan & Bros. 12 cases ornamental brass ware Ine—The American Express.

S. S. B. PATE KHAN

TO SOREL: From R. Khimji 25 bags turmeric and 30 bags tanmist.

S. S. ABBEKERK

To Brisbane. 5 bales cotton piecegoods—Vadilal Ltd.

To Melbourne. 6 bales cotton piecegoods—Vadilal Ltd.

To Sydney 10 bales cotton piecegoods —Vadilal Ltd.

S. S. JALVIRA

To Liverpool: 250 bales cotton raw—International Cotton Corp. Ltd

S. S. CARRICK BEND

To Singapore: 54 rolls woolen floor carpets—Indian Industries Palace.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

S. S. "KHOSROU" arrived from Karachi on April 6 with 1993 passengers (M.M.)

M. V. "TARANTIA" arrived from Glassgow on April 7 with 3173 tons of general cargo (Anchor Line Ltd.)

"ABBEKERK" arrive from Rotterdam on April 7 with 4275 tons of general cargo (Forbes Campbell).

S. S. "HAVILDAR" arrived from Calcutta on April 7 in ballast (T. Morrison).

SAILINGS

S. S. AKBAR" sailed for Karachi on April 5. with 797 passengers and 2649 tons of general cargo.

"NAVARCHOS KOUNDOURIOTIS" sailed for Abandon on April 6. in Ballast.

"ITTERSUM" sailed for Colombo on April 6. with 7620 tons o general cargo.

S. S. "JAYHIND" sailed for Cochin on April 6. with 1200 tons of general cargo.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Firm Tone

CALCUTTA, April 7.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today ruled firm and a fair turnover took place. The following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES:—Three per cent loan 1986 98 6. Three per cent defence loan 1949 52. 101.3 sl.

BANKS: Bharat Bank 4 4. Sol. Reserve Bank 108-. United Commercial 65-.

COTTON: Basanti 8 8. Cawnpore Textiles 10 6, Dunbar 256-. Elgin Mills 52 2, Muir Mills 307-. New Victoria ordy. 4 8.

COALS: Bhulanbaree 15 2 Bengal 541|- Central India 8 10 Burrakpur 23|12 Equitable 41 - New Beerbhoom 17.5 Raneegunge 18 12 South Karanpura 23 9.

JUTES: Alliance 279 - Champdany 228,- Chitavalsay 27 10 Ganges 430 - Howrah 50 - Kanknarrah 555 - Kinnison, 390,- Nuddea 91 - Standard 349 - ct.

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron and Steel 30 7 Jessop and Co. 21 10 Kumardhubi Eng. 11 9 Marshalls 7 7 Steel Corp. 26 - Textile Machinery 9 7

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 3 4 Consolidated Tin 2 - Indian copper 2 13 Tavoy Tin 1 8 Dalmia Cement 9 3 Sone Valley Cement 9 9 Alkali and Chemical 18 12 Alluminium Corp. 7|10 British India Corp. 8 13 F. and C. Osler 10 10 Indian alluminium 220 - Odd lot. Indian National Airways 7 10 Jardine Henderson 177 8 Martin Burn 18 - National Tobacco 34 4 ct., Rottas Industry 10 6 British Burma Petrol 2-10 India Paper Pulp 158 - Mysore Paper 14|- Shree Gopal Paper 11 2 Titaghur Paper 41 8 Midnapore Zemindary 105 - India Steamship 13 4.

SUGARS: Balrampore 8 5 Belsund 5 4 Ramnugger Cane 21 14

TEAS: East India 20 2 Hattikhira 17|-. (API).

INDO-AUSTRALIAN TRADE LOOKS UP

NEW DELHI, April 6 (UPI). Trade between India and Australia has grown considerably it is learnt from authoritative sources. During the seven months which ended in January last, India was the second largest exporter to Australia according to the latest official figures. Australia's imports of merchandise for seven months ended in January last valued at Rs. 194.4 crores which compared with Rs 118.4 crores during the corresponding period of 1947 shows an increase of about 64 per cent.

Australia's exports of merchandise for the same period valued at Rs. 210 crores, compared with Rs. 190 crores showing an increase of about 10.6 per cent. Among Australia's principal exports was wheat which during the seven months ending in January last valued at Rs. 5.24 crores.

TIME-LIMIT FOR EXPORTS

NEW DELHI, April 6 (A.P.I.): The Government of India has decided to extend the time-limit for the export of varieties of raw cotton prohibited since January 19 1948 out covered by sales effected prior to that date and for which licences have been issued says a press note Such exports will be allowed upto May 31, 1948 or the first shipping opportunity whichever is earlier

Shippers should contact the export trade controllers concerned for grant of the necessary extension

WASHINGTON April 6 (UPA). Frank Butterfield of Chicago wants the Marshall Plan declared unconstitutional. His lawyers filed a suit asking the Federal District Court to enjoin Truman Marshall Snyder and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation from implementing the European Recovery plan

Butterfield describes himself as the managing director of "Taxpayers Incorporated" which claims that it represents 150,000 in 31 states.

Hedging And Profit Taking In N. Y. Cotton

Wall Street Market Very Steady

NEW YORK, April 6.

COTTON: The opening gains were slightly extended on demand mostly for near months presumably in connection export sales to China. There was mild other support due to reported improvement in demand for cotton goods. Hedging and profit-taking eventually checked the advance. Generally business was moderate. In the afternoon the market turned active and broke sharply about fifty points from the earlier levels with near months chiefly affected. Profit-taking and hedging were apparently attracted by the recent advance while heavy trade covering against export sales appeared less persistant. The market barely steady, thirty-five to seventeen lower. Sales are estimated at 325,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON.

	New York April 6
May	35.74—36
May Highest	36.26-10
May Lowest	35.73 -.0
July	35.03—32
October	32.02—28
December	31.33—17
Middling Spot	36.76—32

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	New York April 6
May	35.66—41
July	34.97—30
October	31.98—28
December	31.23—21
Middling Spot	35.70—35

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: Moved cautiously into new high recovery ground with moderately active selective demand despite the continued soft coal miners defiance to the court order. Irregularly higher tendencies up to one dollar prevailed including leading steels, minings, chemicals, motors, rubbers, oils and shipbuildings. Averages were industrials 178.25 and rails 54.18. Selected aircrafts, rails, rail equipments, farm implements and department stores joined the improvers Traders noted the news that official representatives of the soft coal industry—acting in accordance with the court order—have invited Mr. Lewis to confer later today to negotiate terms for the miners welfare fund as well as the house armed services subcommittee recommendations that Truman take immediate steps to increase Bomber strength of the airforce to seventy groups. Selected chemicals, goods, rails, motors, steels, oils and minings made further gains in late trading and the market closed irregularly higher with gains of fractions to a dollar or more. The session closed very steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS: Showed a steady undertone in quieter dealings, many traders awaiting the first Government crop report of the year scheduled for publication after the close of Friday. Commercial interests purchased wheat against sales of cash to the Government agency and flour to Holland against May allocation. It is reported they paid 6.37 dollars per fifty kilos cost and freight eighty per cent extraction. The market developed weak undertone on increased selling

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London April 6

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p.c	76-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1961	104-1/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1952 and after	103-5/8
Funding Loan 4 p.c 1960/90	111-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 p.c	113-1/2
(Guaranteed Loans of U.S.A. and China	12-3/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	119.1 2
National Bank of India	37-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange received mutilated.

New York Stock Exchange

NEW YORK, April 6.

American Telephone & Telegraph	150-5 8
Amerex Holding Co.	24
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-1 8
Chase National Bank	35-3/8
Sinclair Oil Co.	19-1/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co	49-1/4
General Electric Co.	37
General Motors	57-1/8
Ingerson Rand	131 bid
International Nickel	29-1/2
National City Bank of New York	28-6 c
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-1/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	17-1/4
Texas Corporation	59
Union Carbon and Carbide	104-1/2
U S Smelting Refining Mining Co.	49-7/8
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	73-7/8
Western Union Telegraph	22-3 4

WOO TOPS

NEW YORK, April 6, (U. P. A.): Wool Tops futures closed 8 points lower to one point higher on the New York market today.

Closing prices were: April, 180.2 nom.; May, 189.2/181; July, 179.7/180.7; October, 177.2/178; December, 176.2/176.7; March 1949, 173.3/173 7; May 170.2 172; July, 167.6/171 5

Worth Street Cloth Market

NEW YORK April 6. (U. P. A.): On the Worth street Cotton Cloth Market today trading attention was captured by a confirmed report that bidding took place for printcloth at one dollar per pound for early 1949 delivery.

Many of the selling houses however were reported to have turned a cold shoulder to bid in a hope that higher prices would be forthcoming soon. It was also noted that some mills with drew their quotation on the printcloth entirely

Calicut Market

CALICUT, April 7.

Coiryarn Beypore 140/150; Quilandy 160/170; Fibre Garbled 110; Ungarbled 100; Cocoanuts Raw 90; Dry 110; Cocoanut Oil 365, Copra Office 255; Dilpasand 2160 Madrasnottam 265; Pepper Wynaad 900; Country 870, Dry Ginger Chernad 290; Ernad 280. Coffee Robusta 140. Timber Pali 60/55; Junglewood 25 30; Vellapine 50/55; Benteak 40/45; Teak 80/90; Mango Planks 3/3/4; Teak 15/17/8; Rosewood 16/20.

London Exchanges

London, April 6

T. T. London on:—

New York selling 4.0275, buying 4.0325, Montreal selling 4.0275, buying 4.0325, Zurich selling 17.34, buying 17.36. Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, April 6.

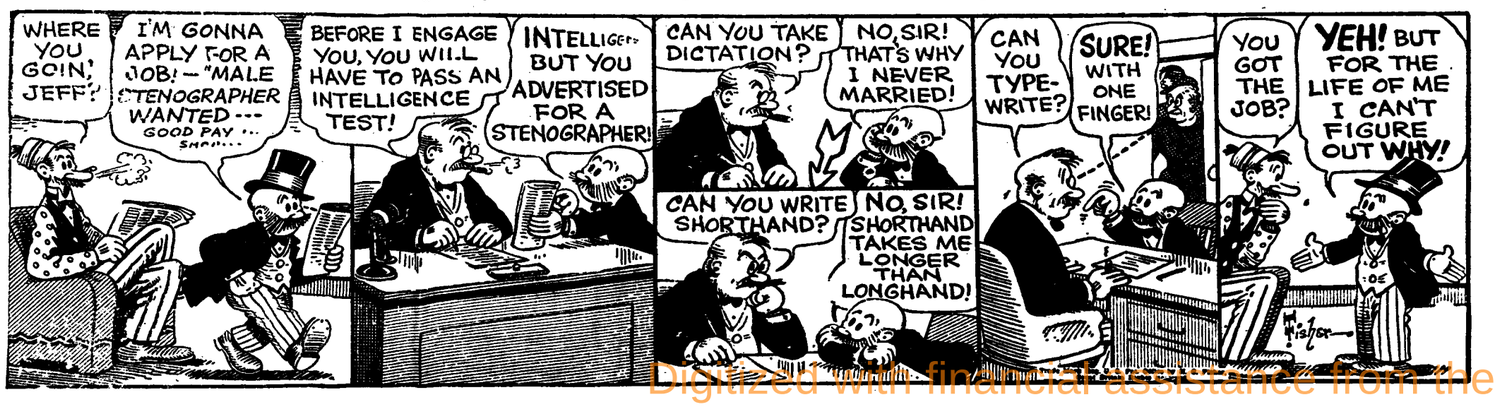
Australian Wheat (Bulk) 137/6 May-June quoted.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, April 6

May 2 4b to 2.44-3/4.
July 2.33 1/2 to 2.33-1/4.
September 2.31-1/2
December 2.32 to 2.31-3/4.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Would Qualify For A Secretary Better Than A Stenographer By BUD FISHER


WHERE YOU GOIN', JEFF?
I'M GONNA APPLY FOR A JOB! — "MALE STENOGRAPHER WANTED --- GOOD PAY ... SHE...
BEFORE I ENGAGE YOU, YOU WILL HAVE TO PASS AN INTELLIGENCE TEST!
INTELLIGENCE? BUT YOU ADVERTISED FOR A STENOGRAPHER!
CAN YOU TAKE DICTATION?
NO, SIR! THAT'S WHY I NEVER MARRIED!
CAN YOU WRITE SHORTHAND?
NO, SIR! SHORTHAND TAKES ME LONGER THAN LONGHAND!
CAN YOU TYPE-WRITE?
SURE! WITH ONE FINGER!
YOU GOT THE JOB?
YEH! BUT FOR THE LIFE OF ME I CAN'T FIGURE OUT WHY!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

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MATRIMONIAL

Wanted respectable and cultured. Maharashtrian girl, or young widow (without issue) for marriage for highly cultured, foreign returned Gujerati gentleman (32), small property, independent business, write Box No. 8452, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Shorthand Typist. Write with full particulars as regards experience, etc. to Box No 3535 "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for the posts of Head-Masters of Fisheries Schools in the Surat and Ratnagiri Districts. Candidates knowing Gujarati and Marathi need only apply. Posts are temporary but likely to be made permanent. Qualifications: B. Sc. in Zoology. Pay Scale:—Rs. 70-5-100-E.B.-6-160-3-200 plus Rs. 25/- Dearness Allowance. Applications giving all particulars to reach the Director of Fisheries, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay, not later than 15th April, 1948. 7960

Wanted Salesmen and Canvassers on pay and commission. West End Industries Limited, 557, Cheera Bazar. (8495)

Wanted experienced Sub-Broker's of good resources for a well reputed firm doing business in forward and ready cotton, gold and silver. Apply Box No. 8461 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Batch for Vacation — Davar's College of Commerce- Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (8494)

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No increase in our Hosiery Prices Despite increase in cloth prices Book your requirements for Export, Wholesale or Retail with V Das & Co., Ltd Sole Concessionaires for Commercial Textile Corporation. (High class Hosiery Manufacturers). Thanawalla Bldg., 114/118 Chakla St., Bombay 3 (8472)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents & Stockists, for the sale of our Chappals and Sandals (Ladies' and gents'), and Shoes, famous for their elegance and durability. For terms and samples, please apply to:— J. K. Leather Works, Post Box 286. Kanpur (U.P.) (8041)

Wanted Agents Stockists for Aryamalam, Arya Laboratories, 19, Surendra Banerji Road Calcutta (7483)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Concrete Mixers.—Concrete, Plaster and Mortar Mixers, all sizes. Best Canadian make. London Concrete Machinery Co., Early Shipment. Sole Distributors: B. K. Khanna & Co., 5 Pratap Buildings, Connaught Circus, New Delhi. (8018)

TO ALL MOTORISTS

We have pleasure to announce that we have installed latest Model Tecalemit hoists and equipments for servicing Motor Cars with uptodate Caltex RPM oils and Mafrak Grease, we offer complete service including overhauling engines Body Building, spray painting Battery charging and other repairs at reasonable rates. Give us a trial Star Service Station Caltex Petrol Pump. Reay Road, opposite Dock Yard Road Railway Station. 8412

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Sterling Chemical & Pharmaceu tical Works Ltd Write for Particulars 302/1 Upper Circular Rd Calcutta 8136

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stocks American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/- Flourescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C T S cables all sizes good discounts for quantities Apply Box No 3985 'Bombay Chronicle."

Rosin and Turpentine of all grades available from ready stock, please write to—Hindusthan Gas Company Ltd., 8 Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta (Phone: Cal. 563, Gram "Rosintur"). 8017

Electric Guitar For Sale Best British make with amplifier offer invited Box No. 8493, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

SUB-AUDITORS, CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited before the 10th May 1948 from natives of the Province of Bombay and from non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for posts of Sub-Auditors, Co-operative Societies in Co-operative Department. The posts are at present temporary but are likely to be made permanent and pensionable.

GRADE—Rs. 100-8-140 plus cost of living allowance and house rent allowance as admissible under the orders of Government.

QUALIFICATIONS—A degree in Law or degree of B. Com. or B.A. with Economics or Mathematics or B.Sc. with Mathematics or Registered Accountants or holders of the Government Diploma in Co-operation and Accountancy. Preference will be given to candidates who have obtained Higher Diploma in Co-operation after having gone through a regular course of training at the Co-operative Training College, Poona.

AGE.—25 years in the case of Advanced Class, and 28 years in the case of Intermediate or Backward Class as on 15th June 1948. The age limit will not apply in the case of refugees who were in continuous Government or Semi-Government service upto the 15th August 1947 or thereafter in the dominion of Pakistan.

LANGUAGES KNOWN.—Any one or more of the regional languages of the Province of Bombay.

Persons already in Government service who are eligible may also apply, if they are permitted by the Heads of their Department.

The selected candidates will be required to undergo training at the Co-operative Training College, Poona for one year and to pass the Diploma Examination before they are appointed to the posts. During the period of training they will be paid a stipend at the rate of Rs. 60/- per mensem. Such of the selected candidates as have already received training and obtained the Higher Diploma in Co-operation (with Accounts and Auditing) will not be required to undergo the course again.

Application forms obtainable from the office of the Registrar, Co-operative Societies and Director of Agricultural Marketing and Rural Finance, B.P., Poona I. on cash payment or on receipt of a self-addressed envelope bearing 2 annas stamps and Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- NOT CROSSED payable to the Personal Assistant to the Registrar, Co-operative Societies and Director of Agricultural Marketing and Rural Finance, B.P., Poona. Payment by postage stamps will not be accepted.

No reply will be given to unsuccessful candidates.

B. P. PATEL (I.C.S.)
Registrar, Co-operative Societies and
Director of Agricultural Marketing and Rural Finance, B.P., Poona I.

Poona, I. April 5, 1948. 8042

B.B. & C.I. RLY.

TENDER NOTICE NO. TCP 40

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form G.S. 204 for the purchase of the following:

Commodity	Quantity required in B.Ms. for Dohad.
1. DHANIA	20
2. Haldi.	20

Tenders closing on 19-4-48 at 16-00 Hrs. in the Office of the Dy. General Manager, Grainshop Department, BB & CI Rly. Bombay.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the President. Grainshop Committee, Freelandgunj Dohad on application.

For Dy. General Manager,
Grainshops, Bombay.

(8040)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, invites tenders for the manufacture and supply of Brake Blocks (BG) (Iron Casting) to specification No. M. 14 and I.R.S. Drawing No. W. 900. Alt. 2. Tender Form obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date TUESDAY, the 4th MAY, 1948, at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

(8039)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tenders for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores Comprising of Cans Watering galvd. iron Washers Copper, Oil Cans, Pans Mortar iron and steel, sprige moulders iron, and Pins Panel bright, etc. required during the period 16-5-1948 to 15-5-1949. Rate Contract. Tender Form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Payment by Cheque, Postal Order or Postage Stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 28th April, 1948, at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

(8038)

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

FOR B. L. Railway Printing Press, a COMPOSITOR on Rs. 55/- P.M. (with usual Dearness Allowance) in the grade of Rs. 55-3-85 E.B. 4-125-5-130. Minimum educational qualification—Matriculation. Candidate having previous experience will be preferred. Apply with testimonials to the Agent and General Manager, B. L. Railway, Kurduwadi. Dist: Sholapur. (Applications should reach before 20th April, 1948).

(8043)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF LITHO STONES

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of five litho stones required for the use of the litho printing branch of the Survey Office, Trivandrum. The stones should be of 30" x 40" x 3" size. The tenders should reach the undersigned on or before April 1948.

S. SIVARAMAKRISHNA IYER.
Superintendent, Travancore Survey, Trivandrum.
8033

AUCTION SALES

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS

AUCTION SALE of Property at (1) Kamatipura 4th Lane, (2) House at Kathapur (3) Agricultural lands at Kathapur, in Taluka Khed, District Poona.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 195 of 1939 (Sudhakar vs. Gajrabai) M/s. Bennett & Co., will on Thursday, 22nd April at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort:

LOT NO. 2.—Quit and Ground rent land with building at 4th Kamatipura Street, about 55 sq. yds. bearing Ward No. 1341, Street No. 52.

LOT NO. 3.—One house at Kathapur in Taluka Khed, District Poona.

LOT NO. 4.—Agricultural lands at Mouje Kathapur, Taluka Khed, District Poona, about 49 acres 24 gunthas, assessment Rs. 51.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Benjamin & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

AUCTION SALE OF AMERICAN STEAM SCREW TUG.

By order of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, American Steam Screw Tug, C. H. Spedden No. 230601, length 97.7', Breadth 23.1', Depth 13.7', Draft forward 10', Draft Aft 12.3', gross Tonnage 214 Tons, Engine one 3 cyl. Triple Expansion, Boiler (2) single ended, will be sold by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 22-4-48, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at H. Berth, Princes Dock, Bombay. Inspection permits can be obtained from M/s. Mackinon Mackenzies, Bombay. Sales Tax will have to be paid. 25% cash deposit, balance to be paid into Reserve Bank before 29-4-1948, and delivery before 15-5-48 from off Mazgaon.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to:—
CRAWFORD & CO.,
Great Western Building,
132, Apollo St., Fort

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAOJIBHAI BHIKHABHAI PATEL of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any will be considered waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Khoti Tenure being a portion of the Village of Chinchavali in Taluka South Salsette in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra Bombay Suburban District containing by admeasurement 47337.41 sq. yds. or thereabouts be the same more or less whereof the Entry Numbers, Survey Numbers, Pot Numbers, Falni Numbers and Annual Assessment payable to the Khot as shown in the Records of Rights and the respective Numbers of which the aggregate area as ascertained by admeasurement are mentioned hereunder:

Entry No.	Survey No.	Hissa No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Area	Assessment Rs.as.ps.
1	1	1	1		)	4 13 0
2	2	1	1		)47337.41	0 1 0
3	3	1-2	1-2		)	56 4 0
86	54	1	-	1	)	0 2 6
88	56	1	1	-	)	5 2 0

and all which said land and premises are bounded as follows. On or towards the North by land forming part of the Village of Goregaon Pakhadi, on or towards the East partly by a strip of land passing along Ghodbunder Road, stated in the Report of the District Inspector of land Records No. Tab 579 of 1925 dated at Andheri the 22nd July, 1925, to be the land classed as Kharaba in the Original Survey as being under a Nalla and bearing Falni No. 2 of Survey No. 187 of Malad and partly by the said Ghodbunder Road on or towards the South by Road leading to Chinchavali Village and on or towards the West by land forming part of the Village of Malad. This property bears Notified Area Committee's No. 47 Ghodbunder Road.

Dated this 7th day of April, 1948.

AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(8044)

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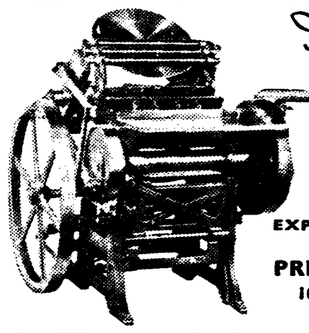

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(b) Previous service as an Electrical Officer in the R.I.N. or its Reserve.

(c) A certificate awarded after completion of five years apprenticeship in an Electrical Engineering Works of standing. This apprenticeship should have included both theoretical and practical training.

Those with qualifications as in (a) above should preferably be not more than 30 years of age on 1st January, 1948 and those with qualifications as in (c) above should not be more than 25 years of age on 1st January, 1948.

Applications giving full details of age, qualifications, experience together with copies of certificates should be addressed to the Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy, Naval Headquarters, New Delhi. Particulars regarding interview, pay, terms and conditions of service etc., will be forwarded to those who are considered suitable for entry.

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